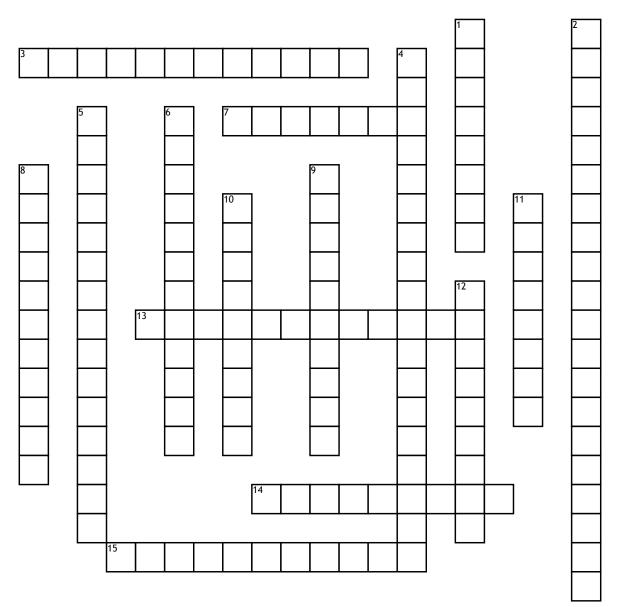
4.03 Endocrine Medical Terminology



<u>Across</u>

3. risk factor for forming blood clots in veins (venous thrombosis), as with the deep veins of the legs (deep vein thrombosis or DVT)

7. softening of the tissues

13. involves the application of telemetry in biology, medicine, and other health care to remotely monitor various vital signs of ambulatory patients.

14. the likely course of a disease or ailment.

15. A surgical incision into the testicle

<u>Down</u>

1. nearer the front, especially situated in the front of the body or nearer to the head

2. a rare, genetic disorder characterized by the breakdown or loss of myelin

4. is the surgical removal of the female reproductive organs

5. collection of glands of an organism that secrete hormones directly into the circulatory system to be carried towards distant target organs.

6. Absence of thirst for water.

8. the tendency toward a relatively stable equilibrium between interdependent elements, especially as maintained by physiological proce
9. A disorder in adults in which the pituitary gland produces too much growth hormone.

10. a benign outgrowth of cartilaginous tissue on a bone.

 multibranched polysaccharide of glucose that serves as a form of energy storage in humans
 Difficulty swallowing foods or

liquids, arising from the throat or esophagus, ranging from mild difficulty to complete and painful blockage.