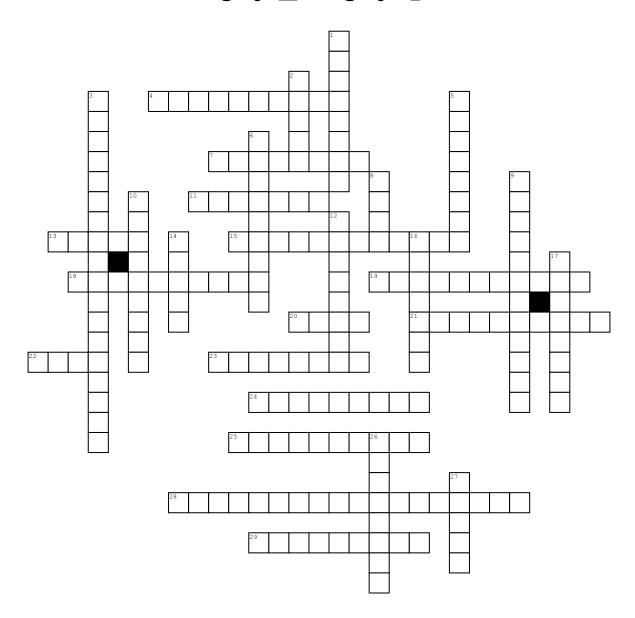
Name:	Date:	Period:	

8.1 - 8.4



Across

- 4. Process of "dropping" sediment in new location.
- 7. Chemicals from rain. Burning of fossil fuels.
- 11. Large mass of moving rock.
- 13. Fan-shaped, where streams make deposits of sediment.
- 15. 1) Slow 2) Fast *How does gravity shape Earth?
- 18. The breaking down of rock.
- 19. Water under the ground.
- 20. Materials carried by stream.
- 21. Type of temperature change effect.
- 22. Mounds of wind-deposited sand.
- 23. A cavity in the ground, especially in limestone bedorck, caused by water erosion *also its a hole in the ground*

- 24. Sudden, rapid, large amounts of land falling down a slope.
- 25. Flat area, many layers of deposited sediment.
- 28. Rock broken into smaller pieces.
- 29. Process of chemicals combining 14. Thick deposits of windblown with oxygen.

Down

- 1. Increased elevation on Earth's surfaces.
- 2. Large stream of water flowing into an ocean or lake.
- 3. Breaking down of rocks by chemical reactions.
- 5. Change in elivation.
- 6. Amount of water the stream is carrying.
- 8. Body of fresh or salt water surrounded by land.

- 9. All the material carried by a glacier.
- 10. Boundary between land and ocean.
- 12. Loose rocks falling down a slope.
- sand.
- 16. Moving of sediment.
- 17. Matter that is carried by wind or water and deposited on the surface of land or the bottom of a body of water.
- 26. Breaking down of rock by other rock.
- 27. Slow downslope movement of rock and soil.