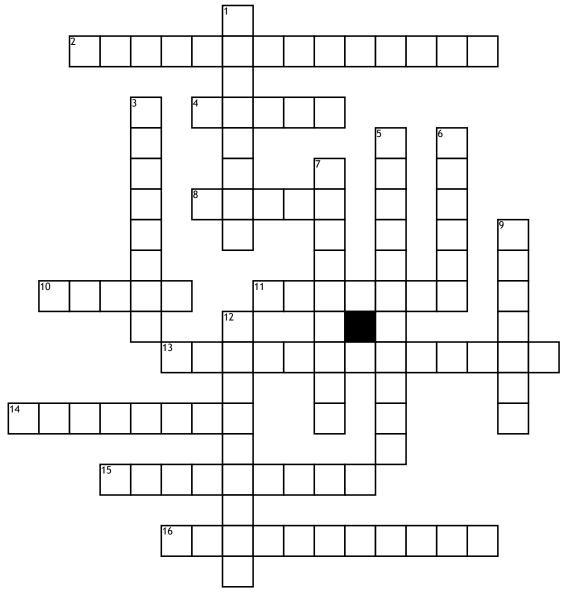
Name:	Date:
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## AP Chemistry Escape Room Review



## Across

**2.** London dispersion forces increases as

increases

- **4.** Determines if a reaction is thermodynamically feasible
- **8.** Location for oxidation in an electrochemical cell
- **10.** The order of a reactant that doubles the rate, when its concentration is doubled
- **11.** Atom with greatest atomic radius in period 2
- **13.** Beers law states that the \_\_\_\_\_ of a solution is proportional to its absorbance

- **14.** A molecule with polar bonds and an symmetric shape
- **15.** An atom with the electron configuration of 1s22s22p63s23p64s23d5
- 16. This will form when Q>Ksp

## Down

1. The \_\_\_\_\_\_reactant is used up first and determine the theoretical yield

3. When Q decreases Ecell will

**5.** If asked to determine which direction a reaction will proceed to reach equilibrium I should compare the reaction quotient to an

## constant.

- **6.** Which noble gas would effuse the fastest at 25C?
- 7. When Keq is less than 1, would you expect reactants or products to be present at a greater concentration at equilibrium?
- **9.** The driving force for a reaction that is only thermodynamically feasible at high temperature
- **12.** Given the reaction, N2O4 (g)  $\leftrightarrow$  2NO2 (g), entropy