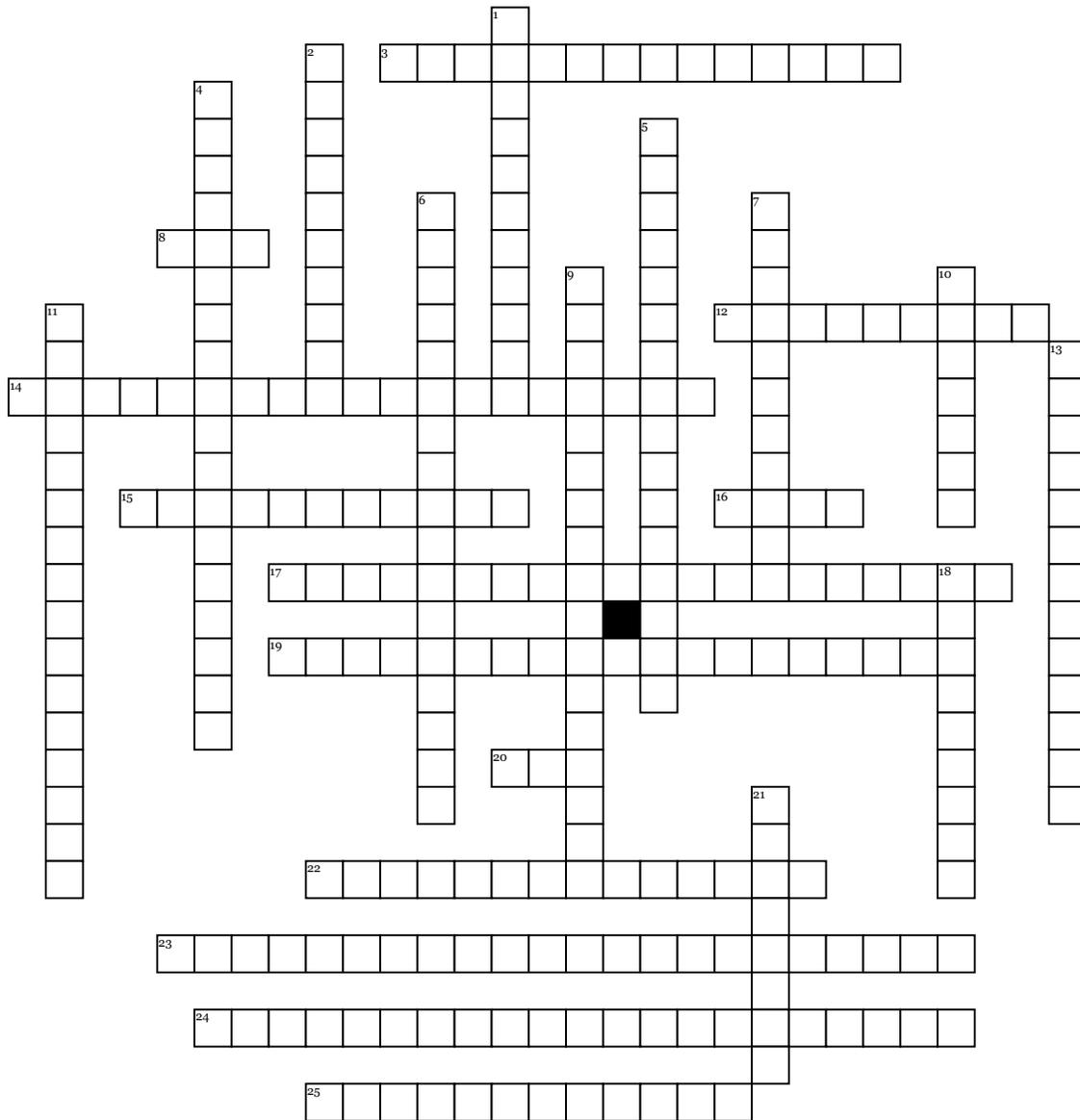


AP EXAM REVIEW



Across

- 3.** Culture traits found in large, urban populations that are heterogeneous.
8. These countries are mainly located in Sub-Saharan Africa, the Middle East, Southeast Asia, and Latin America.
12. Spread of a feature from one place to another over time
14. Shows the change in the migration pattern in a society.
15. ___ such as natural disasters and conflicts will push away migrants.
16. Includes factors such as climate, water bodies, topography, soil, vegetation, and elevation.
17. Occurs in stage 4 of the DTM when birth rate equals death rate.
19. The percentage by which a population grows in a year

- 20.** Example countries are Europe, Canada, the U.S., Australia, and Japan
22. Hinduism and Judaism are examples of ____.
23. Christianity, Islam, and Buddhism are examples of ____.
24. Follows the same stages of the ETM and MTM.
25. The time it takes a population to double in size from any given numerical point.
Down
1. ___ such as economic opportunity and political freedom will attract migrants.
2. The migration from a location
4. Theory originated by Immanuel Wallerstein and illuminated by his three-tier structure.

- 5.** Locating closer to inputs or to the market has to do with ____.
6. A stage 4 ___ is shaped like a coke bottle.
7. The migration to a new location.
9. Fashioning of a natural landscape by a cultural group.
10. American-English and British-English are different ____.
11. The spatial expression of a popular custom in one location being similar to another.
13. The result of global diffusion
18. Iran has this form of government.
21. When people from different regions say soda, pop, or coke.