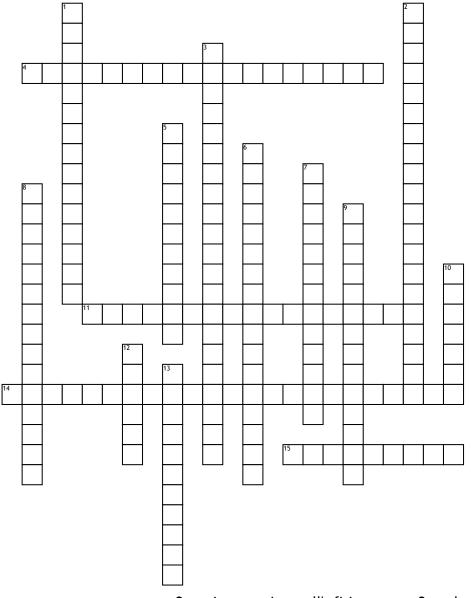
AP Psych: Unit 2 - Modules 31,32,33



<u>Across</u>

4. the processing of many aspects of a problem simultaneously11. an inability to form new memories

14. the disruptive effect of new learning on the recall of old information

15. the process of getting information out of the memory system

<u>Down</u>

1. activated memory that holds a few items briefly, such as the seven digits of a phone number while dialing before it is forgotten

2. an increase in a cell's firing potential after brief, rapid stimulation.

3. the disruptive effect of prior learning on the recall of new information

5. a measure of a memory in which the person need only identify items previously learned, as on a multiple choice test

6. an inability to retrieve information from one's past

7. the immediate, very brief recording of sensory information in the memory system

8. a clear memory of an emotionally significant moment or event

9. the relatively permanent and limitless storehouse of the memory system

10. the process of retaining encoded information over time
12. a measure of memory in which the person must retrieve information learned earlier, as on a fill-in-the-blank test

13. a neural center located in the limbic system; helps process explicit memories for storage