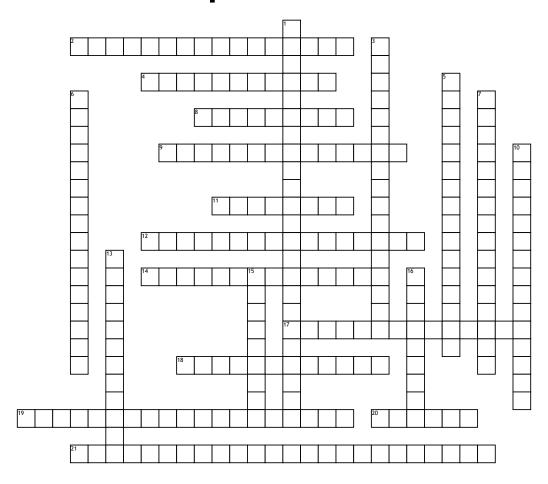
A more perfect union



Across

- **2.** Against the constitution and Favored states Having more power than the central government
- 4. The branch of government that makes laws
- **8.** The division of government between the central government and the constituent units, as in the national governorment and the states
- **9.** Framers of the constitution from Connecticut who believed common people could not be an integral part of the government decision making
- **11.** The branch of governorment that is a system of courts set up to interpret the laws
- **12.** The plan called for the legislative branch of the central government to be made up of two houses with the representation for the states based on their population

- 14. The Massachusetts farmers uprising that made it clear to many that the central government was to weak to protect states from popular unrest
- 17. Person who officialy represent their state
- **18.** A document stating the rules under which a government will operate
- 19. Set up the three step process for admitting new states $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left$
- 20. To approve something formally
- **21.** The meeting of delegates in which the articles of confederation were scrapped in favor of a new United States Constitution

Down

1. The United States first written plan for government

- 3. The idea that each branch of government has specific ways to limit the power of the other branches
- **5.** The plan that called for a one house legislative Branch with each state being equally represented.
- **6.** President of the constitutional convention
- **7.** Decided house slaves would be counted for states population
- 10. Often called the father of the constitution
- **13.** Supported the constitution and favored a strong central or national government
- **15.** The branch of government that enforces the laws
- 16. A change or addition to a document

Word Bank

Constitutional convention The 3/5 compromise Admission of the union George Washington Checks and balances James Madison Judicial Ratify The Virginian plan Rodgers Sherman Thomas Jefferson Shays rebellion Legislative Fuedilism The New Jersey plan Executive Representative amendment Constitution William hatterson Articles of confederation