

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Period: \_\_\_\_\_

# Absolute Monarchs in Europe Sections 1-3

- |  |                          |
|--|--------------------------|
| 1. Conflict over religion, territory, and power among European ruling  | A. absolute monarch      |
| 2. Empress of Austria whose main enemy was Prussia   | B. Cardinal Richelieu    |
| 3. Leader of Prussia who sought to increase his territory  | C. Philip II             |
| 4. Conflict from 1756 to 1763 in which the forces of Britain Prussia battled those of Austria, France, Russia, and other countries | D. divine right          |
| 5. Spanish king who took control of Portugal but failed in his invasion of England   | E. Frederick the Great   |
| 6. King or queen with complete control   | F. skepticism            |
| 7. Idea that a ruler receives the right to rule from God   | G. Spanish Succession    |
| 8. Order that gave Huguenots the right to live in peace in Catholic France   | H. Maria Theresa         |
| 9. Chief minister of France who reduced the power of the nobles  | I. Thirty Years' War     |
| 10. Belief that nothing could be known for certain   | J. Louis XIV             |
| 11. French king who was an absolute ruler  | K. intendant             |
| 12. Official of the French government  | L. Edict of Nantes       |
| 13. Chief Minister of Finance under Louis XIV  | M. Jean Baptiste Colbert |
| 14. War fought by other European nations against France and Spain when those two states tried to unite their thrones               | N. Seven Years' War      |