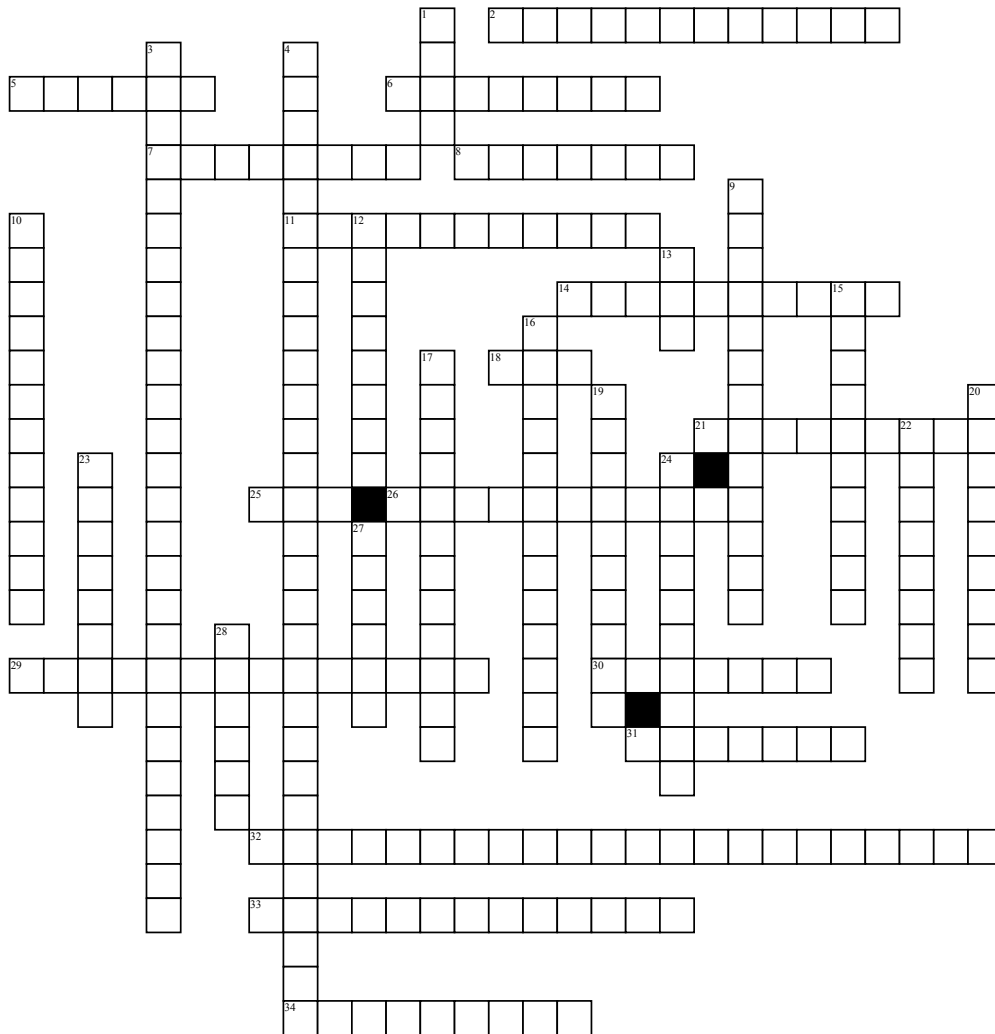


Acinetobacter species



Across

2. What kind of laboratory media can Acinetobacter be grown on?
5. Acinetobacter requires what molecule in order to survive?
6. Acinetobacter is not commonly associated with this symptom.
7. When conducting a catalase test on Acinetobacter what would the results be?
8. A. baumannii has been detected in which crop?
11. Acinetobacter is able to survive on dry surfaces for?
14. A. baumannii is responsible for what kind of infections?
18. Is Acinetobacter nonmotile?
21. Most common infection from Acinetobacter is?
25. What shape is Acinetobacter in the log phase?
26. This is the most common antibiotic used when treating multi drug resistant Acinetobacter.

29. What is one risk factor associated with A. baumannii?
30. What test distinguishes that the pathogen is Acinetobacter from other non-fermentation pathogens?
31. Acinetobacter forms this in order to protect itself from being harmed.
32. What is the major source for A. baumannii?
33. What family is Acinetobacter apart of?
34. What type of strain is A. calcoaceticus?

Down

1. 25% of individuals carry Acinetobacter on their _____.
3. The main sites in nosocomial Acinetobacter resides?
4. What is the most common clinical manifestation of A. baumannii?
9. The trends in Acinetobacter infections, this pathogen is considered to be _____.
10. What is the shape of Acinetobacter?
12. When conducting an oxidase test on Acinetobacter what would the results be?

13. Acinetobacter is considered a ____ grade pathogen.
15. PCR testing is the most effective way to distinguish whether you have this particular strain of Acinetobacter or not.
16. How big are Acinetobacter cells in micrometers?
17. In nature where is Acinetobacter found?
19. The physical color of the Acinetobacter colonies on media?
20. This specific species of Acinetobacter has a high rate of antimicrobial resistance.
22. Acinetobacter is gram positive or negative?
23. A. baumannii usually infects those with underlying _____?
24. Acinetobacter baumannii is a leading cause of this _____.
27. What shape is Acinetobacter in the stationary phase?
28. Acinetobacter infections are much higher in the _____ than the winter.