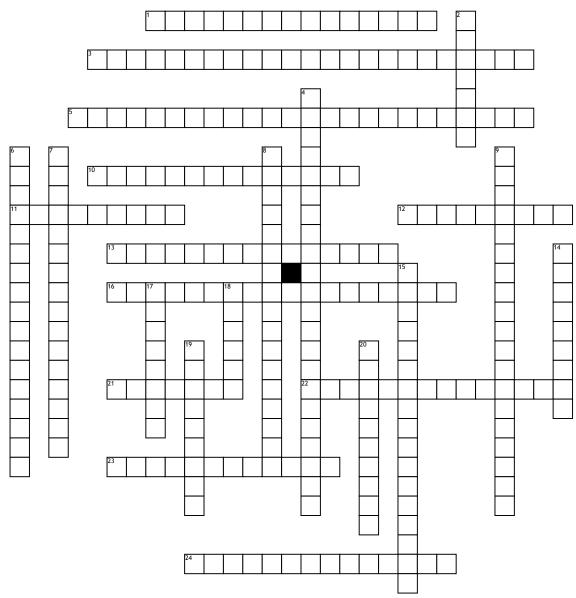
Name:	Date:	Period:

## **Activity 5**



## **Across**

- 1. a variable of a system that, if subject to a small change, causes a nonnegligible change in a output or other measure of the system
- **3.** of or characterized by the absence of life or living organisms
- **5.** any factor limiting the size of a population whose effect in not dependent on the number of individuals in the population
- 10. the extinction of a large number of species within a large amount of time
- 11. the state if being subject to death
- **12.** the living together of 2 dissimilar organisms
- **13.** a species on which other species in a ecosystem largely depend
- **16.** a resource which can be used repeatedly

- **21.** of or characterized by the absence of life or living organisms
- **22.** an ecological phenomenon triggered by the addition or removal of top predators
- **23.** the variety of life in the world or in a particular ecosystem or habitat
- **24.** the ability to be maintained at a certain rate or level

## Down

- 2. no longer in existance
- 4. factors whose effects on the size growth of the population vary with the population density
- **6.** one of 2 types of biological and ecological succession of plant life
- 7. the maximum, equilibrium number of organisms of a particular species that can be supported indefinitely in a given environment.

- 8. the many and varied benefits that human freely gain from the natural environment and from properlyfunctioning ecosystems
- 9. the series of community changes which takes place on a previously colonized but damages habitat
- **14.** a biological community of interacting organisms and their physical envirnment
- **15.** graphical representation of the relationship between different organism in a ecosystems
- **17.** birthrate

area

- **18.** relating to or resulting from living things
- 19. the doctrine that mutual dependence is necessary to social well being 20. all the inhabitants of a particular