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## Adult Learning Theories



## Across

3. An approach based on the principle that learning occurs primarily through exposure to logically presented information.
4. The art of teaching children. The focus is on the content to be taught and the instructor is responsible for all aspects of the learning process.
5. Popularized a "Hierarchy of Needs" in which he contends that learners cannot achieve the next highest need until lower needs are met.
6. Popularized the term "andragogy" and developed five key principles that affect how adults learn.
7. A concept of adult learning popularized by Malcolm Knowles. This concept includes five key principles of how adults learn best.
8. A theory of learning which is concerned with discovering the relationship between stimuli and responses to predict and control behavior.
9. This theory seeks to involve both the right and left hemispheres in learning. The goal is to create a positive environment and to make learning more natural by involving different brain functions (2 words)

## Down

1. These theories focus on how adult learning changes as adults age and outlines characteristics of adults from three perspectives including: physical, psychological and socio-cultural changes.
2. A theory that proposes that learning is more than just conditioning or acquired knowledge. It is "constructed" and therefore must be set in authentic contexts.
3. The program was designed to accommodate "left brain" and "right brain" learning preferences. Which learning theory was being used? 5. Developed the "Learning Brain" or "Brain Dominance" model in which the brain is divided into four quadrants based on the type of information processing.
4. Popularized the concept of Multiple Intelligences.
