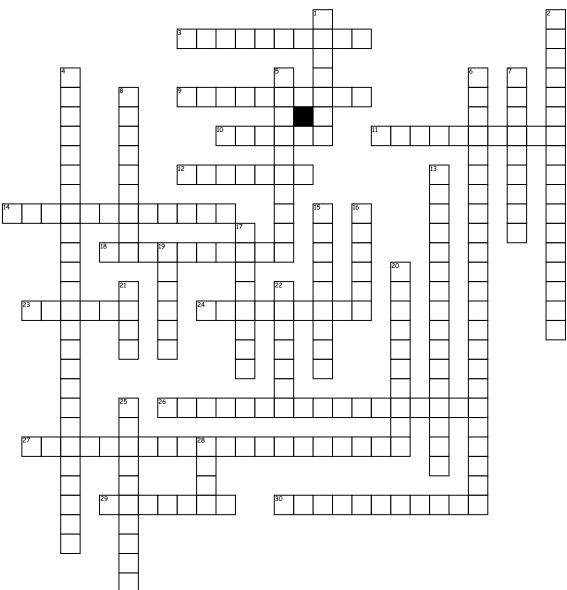
Name:	Date:	Period:	

Alex's Extra Credit Crossword



Across

- 3. Earth centered.
- 9. actual brightness of an object such as a star.
- 10. large collection of stars, gases, and dust that are part of the universe bound together by gravitational forces.
- 11. transfer of heat energy by the circulation or movement of gases or liquids; the movement of matter due to
- 12. commercialized product incorporating NASA technology or "know how" that benefits the public.
- 14. sun centered
- 18. solar storm in the form of huge bright arches or loops of gas from the sun; loop of relatively cool, incandescent gas
- ${\bf 23.}\ large$, spherical body in space that orbits a star and does not produce light of its own.
- 24. number of waves that pass a given point in one second; measured in waves per second, or hertz (Hz).
- 26. amount of light a star actually gives off; a measure of how bright a star would be if it were seen from a

- 27. type of energy that comes to Earth from the sun and is mostly absorbed by the ozone layer; can cause
- 29. mass per unit volume, or how much mass is contained in a given volume of an object; number of individuals in the same
- ${f 30.}$ planets and all the other objects that orbit the sun/star.

Down

- 1. force of attraction between objects that is due to their masses.
- 2. brightness of a star as it appears from Earth.
- 4. states that all objects in the universe attract each other through gravitational force.
- 5. explosive increase in brightness near sunspots on the sun's surface that releases great amounts of energy into space.
- 6. arrangement of different forms of light in order of increasing frequency and decreasing wavelength.
- ${f 7.}$ transfer of energy as electromagnetic waves or rays.
- 8. distance light travels in one year.

- 13. average distance from Earth to the sun, which is used to measure vast distances in space.
- 15. study of planets, stars and other objects beyond the Earth.
- 16. capacity for work; a source of usable power.
- 17. space and the total sum of all matter and energy.
- 19. anything that has mass and volume.
- 20. transfer of energy that occurs when molecules bump into each other; the transmission of heat through a medium and
- 21. large, gaseous, self/luminous body held together by gravity and powered by thermonuclear reactions.
- ${\bf 22.}$ solar storm that appears as dark patches on the sun's face because it is cooler than the surrounding regions and has a
- 25. distance between a point on one wave and an identical point on the next wave measured from crest to crest or trough
- 28. release or send out matter or energy.