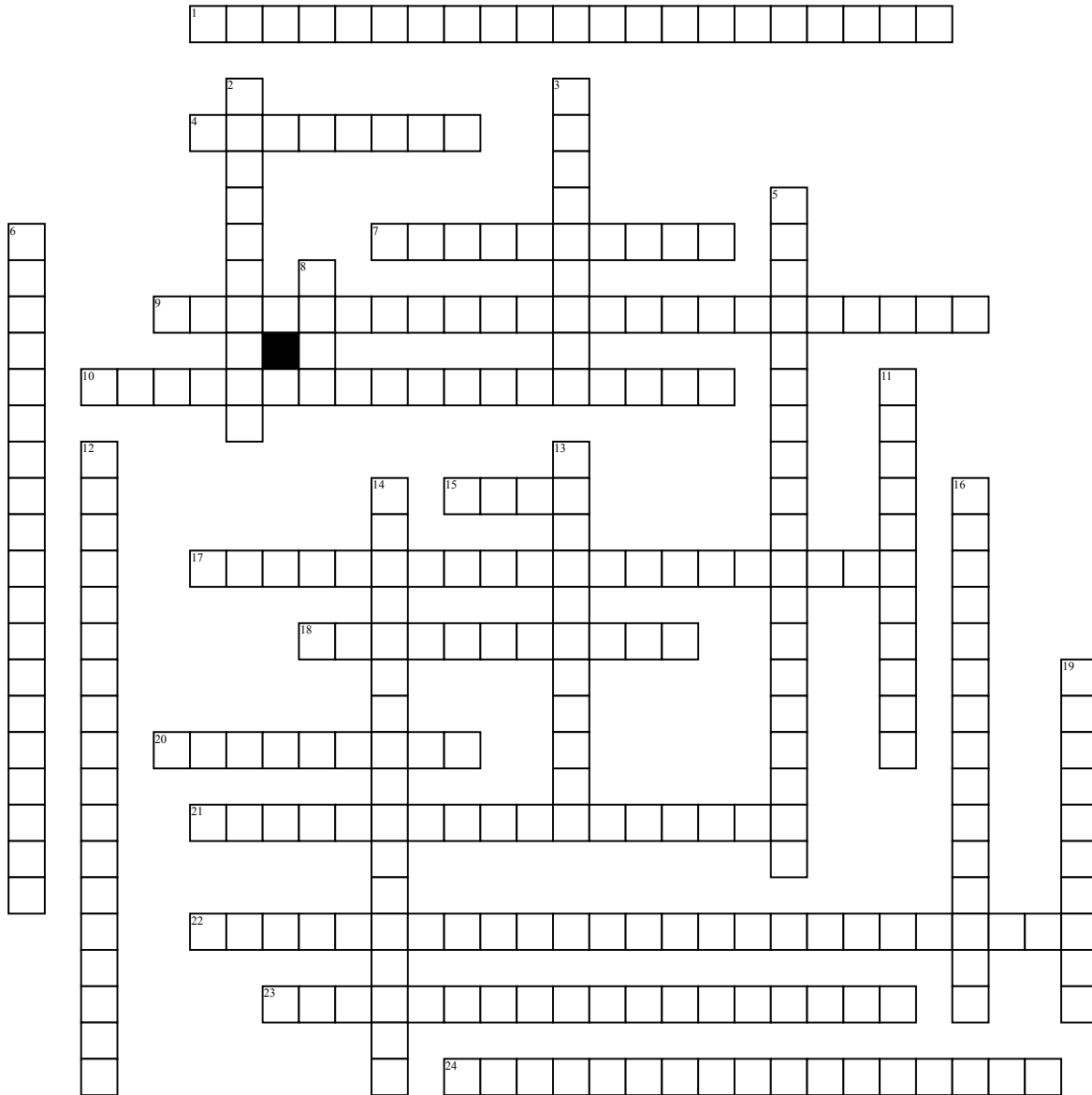


Ameer H Unit 3 Vocabulary Crossword Puzzle



Across

1. Refers to the power of a court to hear appeals from lower courts.
4. The system of law concerned with private relations between members of a community rather than criminal, military, or religious affairs.
7. An indirect veto of a legislative bill by the president or a governor by retaining the bill unsigned until it is too late for it to be dealt with during the legislative session.
9. The purpose of law is to preserve freedom and moral agency and the rule of law is a meta-legal principle.
10. Refers to a network of agencies that administer a jurisdiction's prisons and community-based programs like parole and probation boards.
15. A constitutional right to reject a decision or proposal made by a law-making body.
17. A court's power to hear and decide a case before any appellate review.

18. Increases the prison sentences of persons convicted of a felony who have been previously convicted of two or more violent crimes or serious felonies.
20. A jury, typically of twenty-three people, selected to examine the validity of an accusation before trial.
21. A permanent committee, as of a legislature, society, etc., intended to consider all matters pertaining to a designated subject.
22. A crime, such as murder or betrayal of one's country, that is treated so seriously that death may be considered an appropriate punishment.
23. Best described as a "trial before the trial" at which the judge decides, not whether the defendant is "guilty" or "not guilty," but whether there is enough evidence to force the defendant to stand trial.
24. The body of law that regulates the operation and procedures of government agencies.

Down

2. A parliamentary procedure used in the United States Senate to prevent a measure from being brought to a vote.

3. A jury, typically of twelve people, who try the final issue of fact in civil or criminal cases and pronounce a verdict.
5. Any government agency responsible to carry on/enforce the laws.
6. A temporary panel composed of House and Senate conferees which is formed for the purpose of reconciling differences in legislation that has passed both chambers.
8. A wrongful act or an infringement of a right (other than under contract) leading to civil legal liability.
11. A system of law concerned with the punishment of those who commit crimes.
12. A series of steps that a legislative body takes to evaluate, amend, and vote on proposed legislation.
13. The branch of government that is endowed with the authority to interpret and apply the law, adjudicate legal disputes, and otherwise administer justice.
14. Refers to rights carved out in the federal and state constitutions.
16. The procedure for resolving disputes through the court system.
19. A formal charge or accusation of a serious crime.