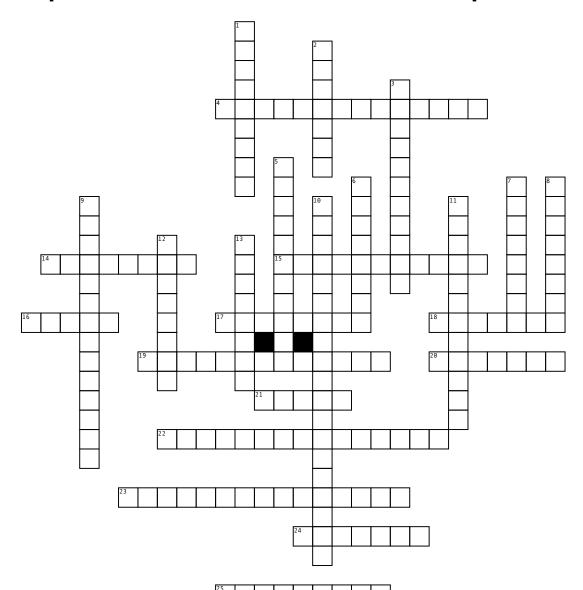
Name:	Date:	Period:	

Amphibians and Reptiles



Across

- **4.** Aids in eliminating waste
- **14.** Ventral part of the shell of a turtle
- **15.** Organsim regulates body tempature exchanging heat with surroudings
- **16.** Poisonous substance secreted by snakes
- **17.** Hard upper shell of a turtle
- **18.** Amphibian that develops 2 holes in each side of skull
- **19.** Type of asexual reproduction
- **20.** Fibrous protein that forms feathers, hair, hoofs, claws, and horns

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- 21. Helps with gas exchange
- **22.** Covered wall that seperates right/left ventricle
- **23.** Pair of sacs or tubes typicallly in roof of the mouth
- **24.** An amphibian whose skull doesn't have openings near temple
- **25.** Respiration, breathing through the skin

<u>Down</u>

- 1. Detect and target warm blooded prey
- 2. Cuticular plate covering ventral surface in a chordata
- 3. Storage area for bile
- 5. Type of snake, "rattles"

- **6.** Long bone formed from fused vertebrae at base of vertebral column
- **7.** Males grasps onto female, reproduction
- **8.** Reptile fossil, includes the ancestors of mammals
- 9. Controls sense of smell
- 10. Third, clear eyelid
- **11.** Produced by reptiles and birds
- 12. Helps the frog "speak" find a mate
- **13.** Four footed animal, all vertebrae higher than fish