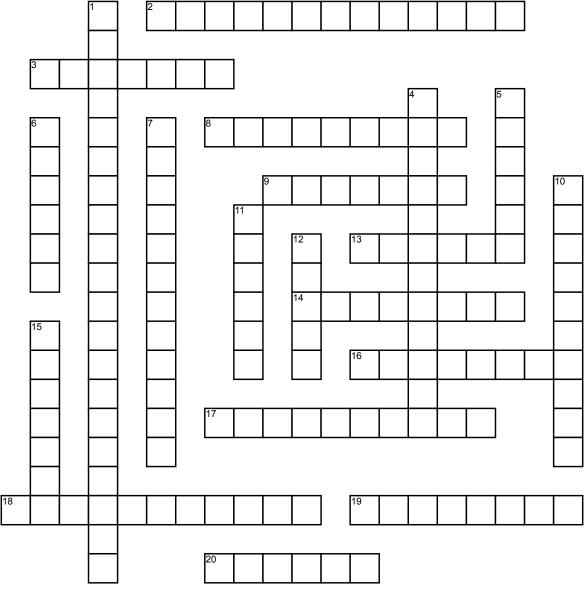
Name:	Date:
-------	-------

Anatomy



Across

- **2.** Empties lymph into the vain circulation.
- **3.** Immunity conferred bodies present in blood plasma and body fluids.
- **8.** Small proteins that act as chemical messengers between various parts of the immune system.
- **9.** A ring of lymphoid tissue around the entrance to the pharynx
- 13. Oversee humoral immunity
- **14.** Preparation that provided artificially acquired active immunity.
- **16.** A protein molecule that is released by a plasma cell and that binds specifically to an antigen.

- **17.** Small lymphoid organ that filters lymph, contains macrophages and lymphnocytes.
- **18.** A medicine that destroys bacteria.
- **19.** Has to be primed by a specific antigen.
- 20. Inborn or Natural

Down

- **1.** Very permeable and have many valves that prevent lymph from leaking back out.
- **4.** Immunity conferred by activated T cells which directly kill infected cells of foreign cells.
- 5. Mediate cellular immunity

- 6. Largest lymphoid organ.
- **7.** A localized physical condition in which part of the body becomes reddened.
- **10.** Engulfing of foreign solids by cells.
- **11.** Lymphoid organ and endocrine gland active in immune response sight of maturation of T lymphocytes.
- **12.** Abnormally high body temperature.
- **15.** A substance that is recognized as foreign.