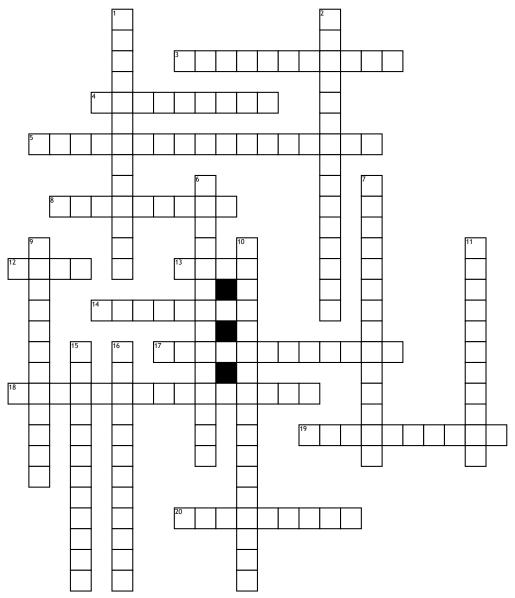
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Anatomy of the Cochlea



<u>Across</u>

- 3. A narrow passage at the apex of the cochlea at which the scala tympani and scala vestibuli are connected
- 4. The fluid that fills the bony labyrinth
- 5. A membrane that extends from the spiral limbus out into the scala media over the entire organ of Corti
- 8. The fluid located within the
- membranous labyrinth of the inner ear 12. The narrowest end of the spiral of the cochlea, where the scala tympani and scala vestibule join
- 13. The widest coil of the spiral of the cochlea
- **14.** The central bony channel of the cochlea within which the spiral ganglia are located

- 17. The sense organ of hearing that runs along the entire length of the basilar membrane
- **18.** The membrane that separates the scala media from the scala tympani
- 19. The cochlear portion of the membranous labyrinth
- 20. Sensory cells with stereocilia projecting from one end
- 1. A triangular-shaped support
- structure created by the inner and outer rods of Corti
- 2. The vascular strip located on the lateral wall of the scala media
- 6. A ligament that connects the basilar membrane with the lateral wall of the body labyrinth

- 7. Extends along the length of the cochlea from the vestibule to the helicotrema
- **9.** A spiral, corkscrew-shaped bony shelf that projects from the side of the
- 10. The membrane that separates the scala media from the scala vestibuli
- 11. Tiny hair-like projections from one end of a hair cell
- 15. The medial attachment point for Reissner's membrane
- 16. Extends along the length of the cochlea from the hemicotrema to the round window