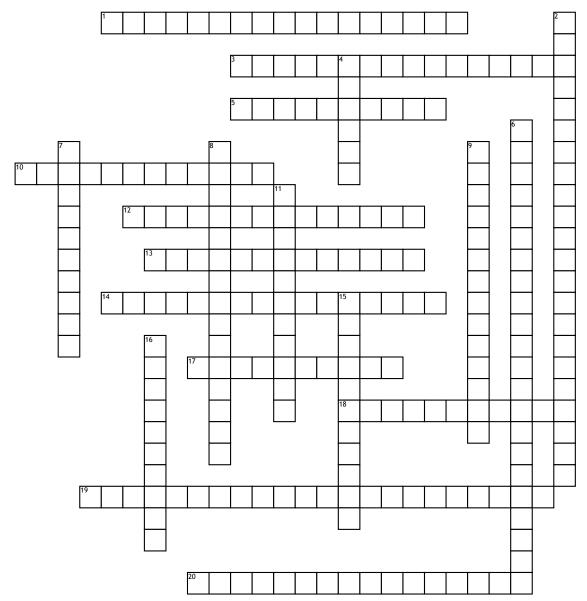
Name:	Date:
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Anatomy of the heart



Across

- 1. Separates the two atria
- **3.** The cusps are attached to the ventricular wall by tough fibrous bands of tissue
- **5.** Middle layer of the heart, thickest of the three layers
- 10. The large blood vessels attached to the heart
- **12.** These branches send out numerous long fibers
- 13. The left AV valve is called
- **14.** The arteries supplying the myocardium are called
- **17.** Study of the heart

- **18.** When the left ventricle contracts, thus increasing intraventricular pressure, blood from the ventricles forces the? open and flows into the aorta
- **19.** Valves located between the atria and the ventricles
- **20.** It also supplies blood to the parts of the electrical? including the sinoatrial (SA) node and the atrioventricular (AV) node

Down

- **2.** The record of these electrical signals
- **4.** The upper chambers and receive the blood into the heart

- **6.** Separates the two ventricles
- **7.** Lower chambers and pump blood out of the heart
- **8.** Cusps of the valves resemble a half-moon
- **9.** The right AV valve because it has three cusps
- **11.** The heart is supported by a slinglike structure
- 15. The heart's innermost layer
- **16.** Refers to the area of the anterior chest wall overlying the heart and great vessels