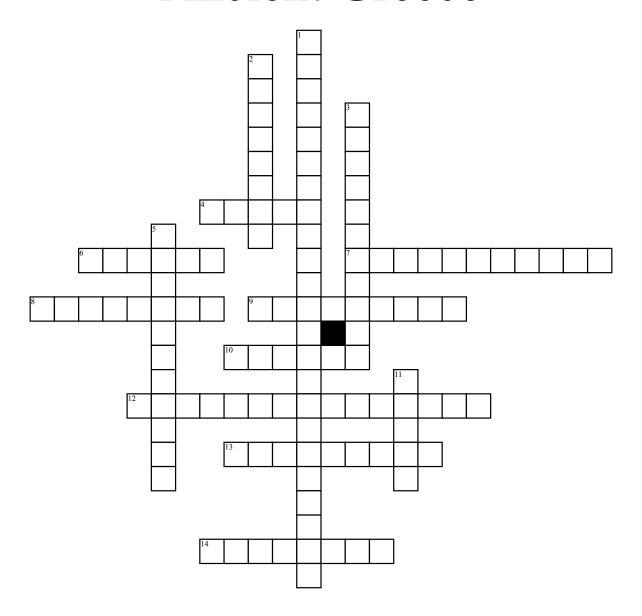
## **Ancient Greece**



## **Across**

- **4.** Created a set of laws that were not harsh and gave rights to nonaristocrats.
- **6.** A leader who held power through the use of force.
- 7. He is known as the father of democracy.
- **8.** People who had the right to participate in government.
- **9.** A government in which only a few people have power. "Government by the Few"

- **10.** The city where democracy was born.
- **12.** All citizens in Athens could participate directly in the government.
- **13.** A type of government in which people rule themselves. "RULE OF THE PEOPLE"
- **14.** He was a leader from about 460 BC until 429 BC. He encouraged the people of his city to participate in government.

## Down

- 1. The citizens elect officials to represent them in the government. This term describes the government of the United States.
- **2.** This meeting was an opportunity for all citizens to debate and vote on laws.
- **3.** Rich landowners.
- **5.** Democracy in Athens came to an end after these people conquered Greece.
- 11. He created a set of very harsh laws for Athens.