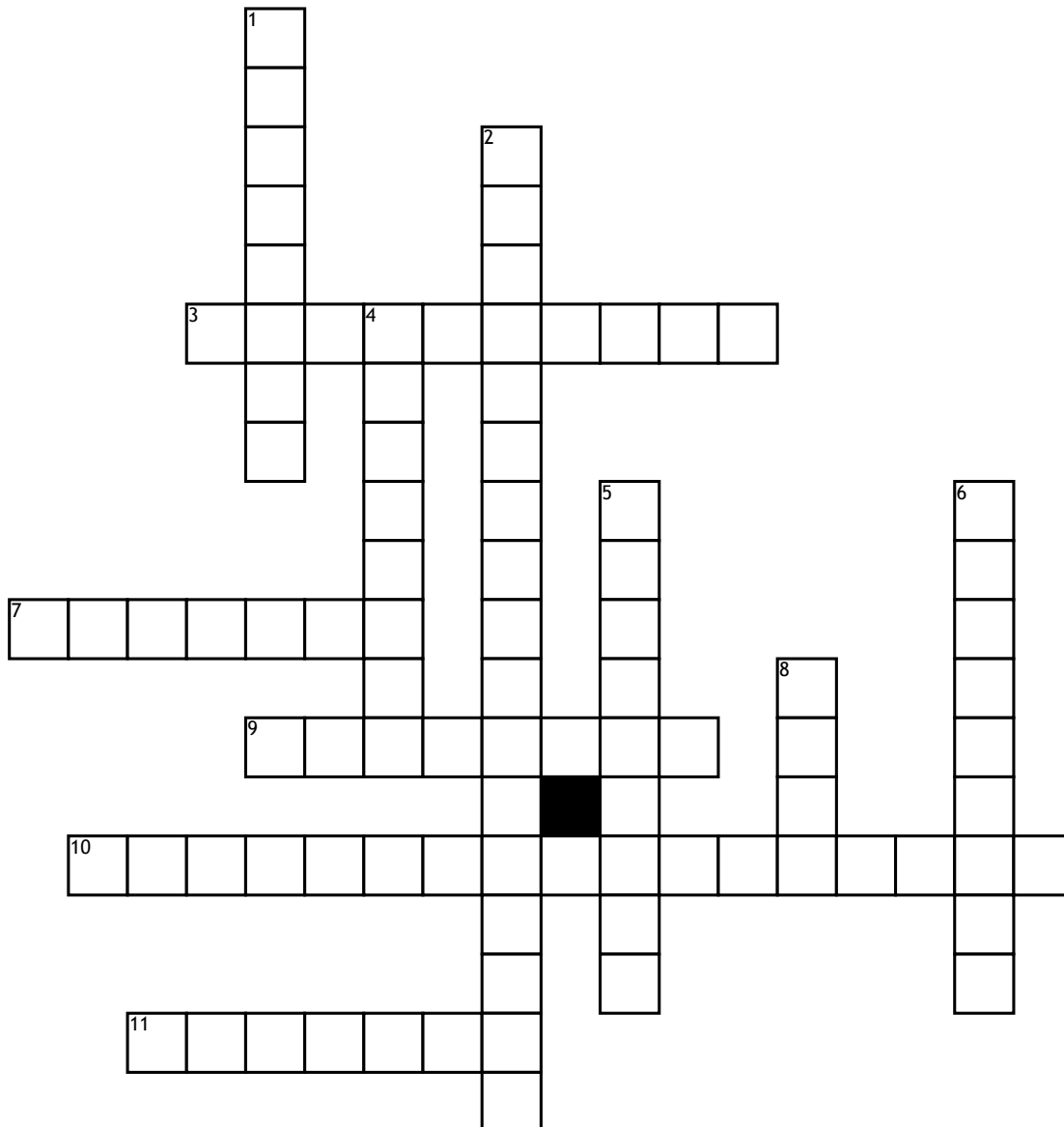


Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Period: \_\_\_\_\_

## Ancient Rome Vocabulary and the people.; Catherine Siebert



### Across

3. an aristocrat or nobleman.
7. The two annually elected chief magistrates who jointly ruled the republic.
9. a ruler with total power over a country, typically one who has obtained power by force.
10. was a set of laws inscribed on 12 bronze tablets created in ancient Rome in 451 and 450 BCE. They were the beginning of a new approach to laws where they would be passed by government and written down so that all citizens might be treated equally before them.
11. an official in ancient Rome chosen by the plebeians to protect their interests

### Down

1. a commoner, usually of a low social class
2. counterbalancing influences by which an organization or system is regulated, typically those ensuring that political power is not concentrated in the hands of individuals or groups.
4. a state in which supreme power is held by the people and their elected representatives, and which has an elected or nominated president rather than a monarch.
5. The law applies to you, no matter what your social class is.
6. The wars fought between ancient Rome and Carthage
8. a constitutional right to reject a decision or proposal made by a law-making body.