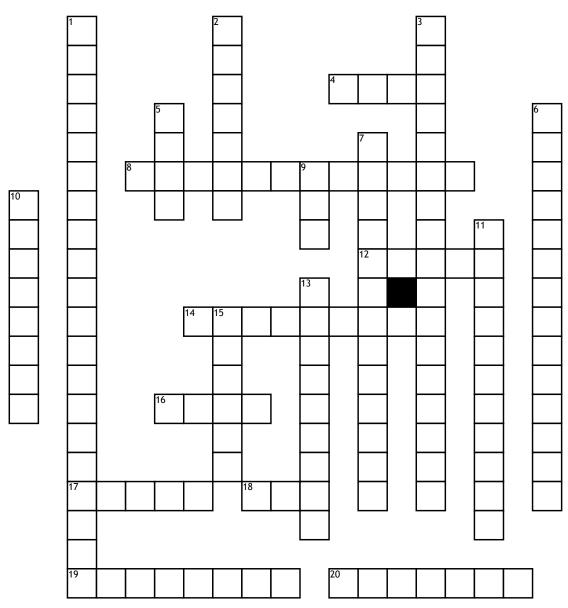
Name:	Date:
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Aromatic Chemistry



Across

- **4.** A nitro group is deactivating so it's ____ directing.
- **8.** Which aromatic substitution reaction does pyridine undergo?
- **12.** What is the 1,2-disubstituted benzene derivative called?
- **14.** Which reaction occurs when benzene is treated with an acyl halide (or acid anhydride)?
- **16.** If the hydrophobicity constant is positive, it is ____ hydrophobic than hydrogen.
- **17.** Which position does electrophilic aromatic substitution occur on an indole?
- **18.** What is the suffix for 5 membered heterocyclic rings?
- 19. The most powerful electron donor

20. A pyrrole	reacts	with	a	strong	acid
to form a					

<u>Down</u>

- **1.** What mechanism occurs for the formation of tetrazole?
- **2.** For aromaticity the rule (4n+2) pi electrons needs to be followed. What is this rule called?
- **3.** What is needed on the benzene ring for nucleophilic aromatic substitution to occur?
- **5.** How many resonance forms is needed to make something para directing?
- 6. Pyridine can be formed from

 the either hydroxylamine or ammonia.
- 7. What is formed when NO+ reacts with an amine?

- **9.** The pH where the solution contains the same amount of protonated, acidic form as its deprotonated, basic form
- **10.** The weaker the base, the _____ the acidity of the conjugate acid.
- 11. What is the following definition for 'the overlap of two or more 2p orbitals in a cyclic or acyclic system allowing resonance to form'?
- **13.** What is the name of the reaction where diazonium ion reacts with cuprous salts?
- **15.** A molecule is called _____ if there are 4 different atoms attached to it.