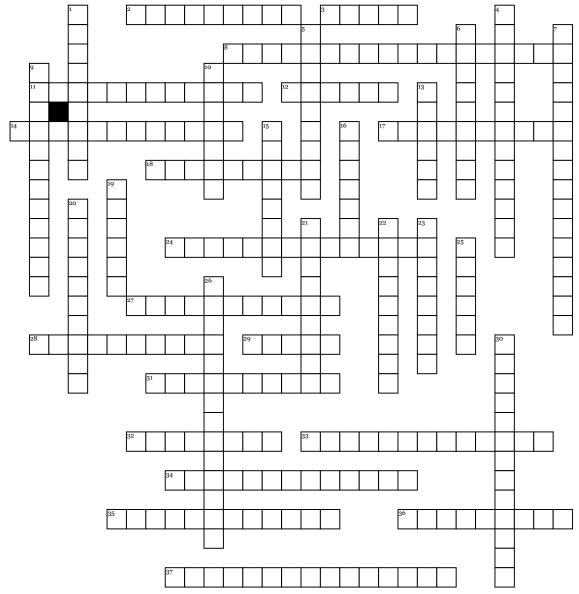
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## **Astronomy Unit Terms**



## Across

- 2. Have massive atmospheres of gas
- 3. A celestial object with a nucleus of ice and dust; when near the sun, a "tail" of gas and dust particles point away from the sun.
- ${\bf 8.}$  Have solid, rocky surfaces like Mercury, Venus, Mars, Earth
- ${\bf 11.}$  The reddish, gaseous layer of the sun that we see
- 12. A giant cloud of dust and gas in space
- 14. Sun-centered
- 17. The place where the planet is closest to the Sun and moves the fastest
- ${\bf 18.}$  When light shifts toward shorter wavelengths as objects are moving closer to you
- 24. Beginning of summer
- 27. 1 of the 3 layers of the Sun we can see
- **28.** Outer edge of the solar system containing pluto; believed to contain many comets, asteroids, and other small bodies made largely of ice.
- 29. Dark spots on the moon

- 31. Fragments of rock that orbit the sun
- **32.** The apparent movement of orientation of an object viewed from two different places
- 33. First Day of Spring
- 34. Most common theory for universe "birth"
- **35.** Also known as a cosmic year, it is the time required for the Sun to orbit once around the center of the Milky Way Galaxy.
- **36.** The study of celestial objects, space, and the physical universe as a whole.
- 37. Start of Fall

## Dowr

- 1. Debris in the solar system
- 4. Group of stars that form a pattern
- 5. Meteor that reaches the ground
- **6.** Has such strong gravitational effects that nothing—not even light and electromagnetic radiation such as light can escape from inside it.
- 7. The mean distance from the center of the earth to the center of the sun (a unit of measure).
- 9. The amount of elongation in an ellipse

- 10. The point in the orbit of the moon or a satellite at which it is nearest to the earth.
- 13. Part of the sun you can only see during an eclinse
- 15. Our spiral of the Milky Way galaxy
- **16.** Look like stars, but contain massive black holes and may represent a stage in the evolution of some galaxies.
- **19.** Phase of the moon between the full moon and the new moon a moon that is getting smaller every night
- **20.** Bending of light
- 21. Drags solar debris away from the sun
- 22. How far light travels in one year
- **23.** Light shifting toward longer wavelengths as objects are moving away from you
- **25.** Phase of the moon between the new moon and the full moon a moon that gets bigger each night
- 26. Common name for aurora borealis
- **30.** Name for the "outer planets." Ex. Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, and Neptune