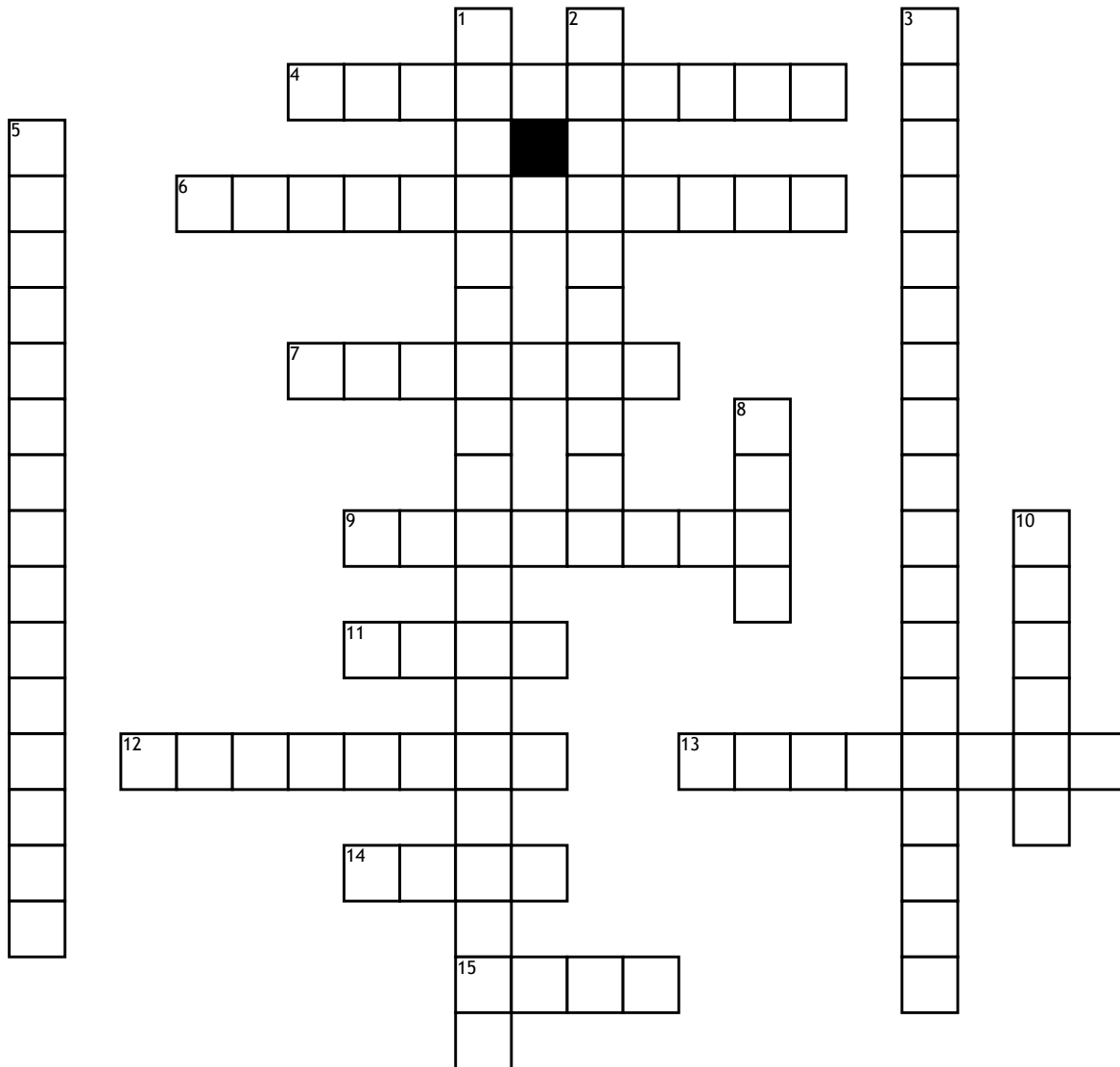


# Barbiturates



**Across**

- 4. A short and fast acting barbiturate.
- 6. Any of a class of sedative and sleep-inducing drugs derived from barbituric acid.
- 7. The presumption that mind and body are two distinct entities that interact.
- 9. State of drowsiness/sleepiness in which patient remains awake?
- 11. Medicine or other substance which has a physiological effect when ingested or otherwise introduced into the body.

- 12. Do barbiturates increase or slow metabolism?
- 13. An excessive and dangerous dose of a drug.
- 14. Are barbiturates weak or strong acids?
- 15. Term for a patient that can not be roused and physiological drives like respiration are severely depressed.

**Down**

- 1. A drug or chemical whose manufacture, possession, or use is regulated by a government.
- 2. A drug reducing functional or nervous activity.

- 3. A psychological need for a drug, marked by unpleasant withdrawal symptoms when the drug is discontinued.
- 5. Which class of drugs has largely replaced barbiturates due to higher safety margin, less profound side effects, and higher selectivity?
- 8. Do barbiturates generally have long or short half lives?
- 10. The presumption that mind and body are different aspects of the same thing.