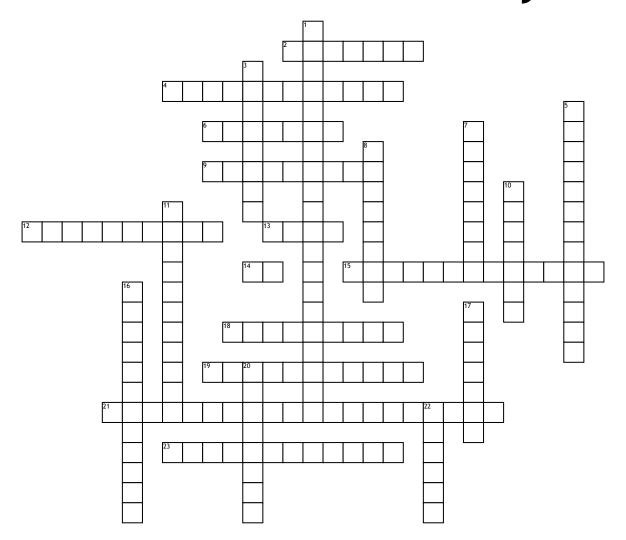
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## Biochem Vocabulary



## **Across**

- **2.** a molecule that can be bonded to other identical molecules to form a polymer.
- **4.** Compound containing carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen in the approximate ratio of C:2H:O (e.g., sugars, starches, and cellulose)
- **6.** A pure substance that cannot be broken down into other substances by chemical or physical means
- 9. The building blocks of proteins
- **12.** The simplest carbohydrate molecule, also called a sugar
- 13. The basic particle from which all elements are made
- **14.** a numeric scale used to specify the acidity or basicity of an aqueous solution.
- **15.** each enzyme has a specific shape to work with a specific substrate; a substrate fits into the active site of an enzyme like a key fits into a lock
- **18.** a bond that forms when electrons are transferred from one atom to another, which results in a positive ion and a negative ion

- **19.** A polymer (polynucleotide) consisting of many nucleotide monomers; serves as a blueprint for proteins and, through the actions of proteins, for all cellular activities. The two types are DNA and RNA.
- 21. A chemical reaction in which two molecules are bonded together with the removal of a water molecule.
- 23. A type of strong chemical bond in which two atoms share one or more pairs of valence electrons.

## Down

- 1. A chemical reaction in which two or more molecules combine to produce water or another simple molecule
- **3.** The intermolecular attraction between LIKE molecules. Surface tension results from the cohesive properties of water.
- **5.** a molecule containing a very large number of atoms, such as a protein, nucleic acid, or synthetic polymer.
- ${\bf 7.}~{\rm A}~{\rm particle}~{\rm made}~{\rm of}~{\rm two}~{\rm or}~{\rm more}~{\rm atoms}$  bonded together

- 8. The intermolecular attraction between UNLIKE molecules. Capillary action results from the adhesive properties of water and the molecules that make up plant cells.
- **10.** A long molecule consisting of many similar or identical monomers linked together.
- 11. rich organic compounds, such as fats, oils, and waxes, that are made of carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen.
- **16.** Very weak bonds; occurs when a hydrogen atom in one molecule is attracted to the electrostatic atom in another molecule
- 17. A molecule that is made up of amino acids and that is needed to build and repair body structures and to regulate processes in the body.
- **20.** a substance that initiates or accelerates a chemical reaction without itself being affected
- **22.** A type of protein that speeds up a chemical reaction in a living thing