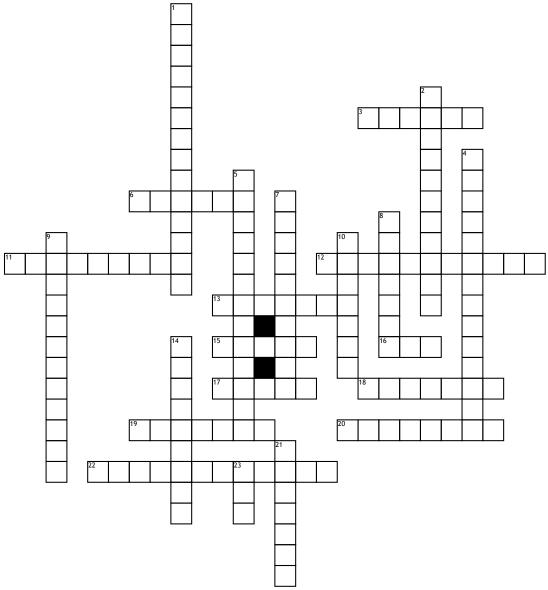
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## Biochemistry



## **Across**

- **3.** An R-group is any group in which the carbon or hydrogen is attached to the rest of the molecule
- 6. Storage form of glucose in plants
- 11. Building blocks of protein
- **12.** A complex organic substance present in living cells, especially DNA or RNA, whose molecules consist of many nucleotides linked in a long chain
- **13.** A molecule that can be bonded to other identical molecules to form a polymer
- **15.** Energy-rich organic compounds, such as fats, oils, and waxes, that are made of carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen
- **16.** A single-stranded nucleic acid that passes along genetic messages
- 17. Two monomers

- **18.** Macromolecule that contains carbon, hydrogen, oxygen, and nitrogen; needed by the body for growth and repair
- **19.** A simple sugar that is an important source of energy
- **20.** Storage form of glucose in animals
- 22. Compound made up of carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen atoms; major source of energy for the human body Down
- 1. Simple sugar molecule
- **2.** Long chain of amino acids that makes proteins
- 4. Carbohydrates that are made up of more than two monosaccharides
- **5.** A lipid containing a phosphate group in its molecule

- **7.** A building block of DNA, consisting of a five-carbon sugar covalently bonded to a nitrogenous base and a phosphate group
- **8.** Large compound formed from combinations of many monomers
- **9.** A double sugar molecule made of two monosaccharides
- 10. Glucose and fructose
- **14.** Carbohydrate component of plant cell walls
- 21. Glucose and galactose
- **23.** A complex molecule containing the genetic information that makes up the chromosomes