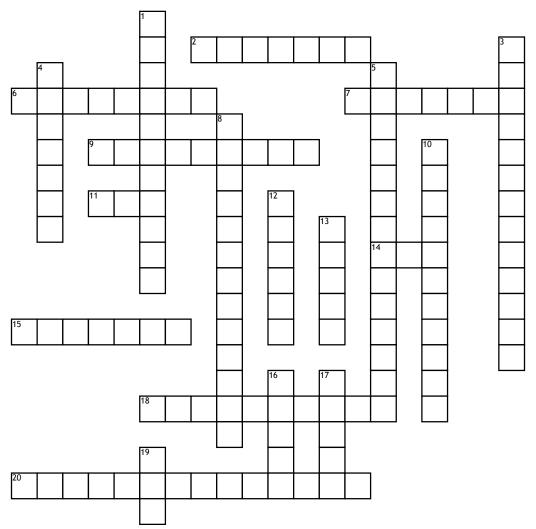
Name: _____ Date: _____

Biology



<u>Across</u>

- **2.** any substance containing carbon-based compounds, especially produced by or derived from living organisms
- 6. has no separation of charge
- 7. a substance that has a molecular structure consisting chiefly or entirely of a large number of similar units bonded together
- **9.** a simple organic compound containing both a carboxyl and an amino group.
- **11.** the fundamental and distinctive characteristics or qualities of someone or something
- **14.** epithelial cell line derived from the ovary of the Chinese hamster
- 15. helps keep muscle strength

- **18.** a compound consisting of a nucleoside linked to a phosphate group.
- **20.** any of the class of sugars that cannot be hydrolyzed to give a simpler sugar.

Down

- 1. a complex organic substance present in living cells, especially DNA or RNA, whose molecules consist of many nucleotides linked in a long chain.
- **3.** any of a large group of organic compounds occurring in foods and living tissues and including sugars
- **4.** a molecule that can be bonded to other identical molecules to form a polymer.
- **5.** a carbohydrate whose molecules consist of a number of sugar molecules bonded together.

- **8.** a molecule containing a very large number of atoms, such as a protein, nucleic acid, or synthetic polymer.
- **10.** a molecule that is produced by a living organism.
- **12.** a substance produced by a living organism which acts as a catalyst to bring about a specific biochemical reaction.
- 13. gives you energy
- 16. being in opposite extremes
- 17. any of a class of organic compounds that are fatty acids or their derivatives and are insoluble in water but soluble in organic solvents
- 19. stores energy

Word Bank

monosaccharide fat biomolecule nonpolar enzyme polysaccharide polar protien nucleic acid polymer carbohydrates DNA Sugar amino acid organic macromolecule nucleotide lipid CHO monomer