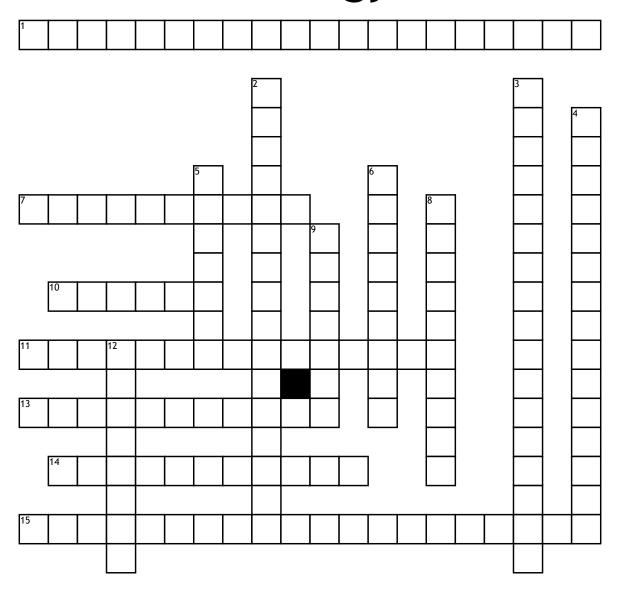
Name:	Date:
-------	-------

## **Biology**



## **Across**

- 1. the characteristic of a membrane that allows some substances through but not others
- 7. release of substances out a cell by the fusion of a vesicle with the membrane.
- 10. the substance that is dissolved
- **11.** energy-requiring movement of molecules across a membrane from a region of lower concentration to a region of higher concentration.
- **13.** uptake of liquids or large molecules into a cell by inward folding of the cell membrane.

- **14.** cell that does not have a nucleus or other membrane-bound organelles.
- **15.** diffusion of molecules assisted by protein channels that pierce a cell membrane.

## Down

- **2.** movement of molecules across the cell membrane without energy input from the cell.
- **3.** a membrane protein found on the exterior or interior surfaces of membranes.
- **4.** a protein embedded within or found on the surfaces of the plasma membrane; acts as enzymes.

- **5.** the liquid that dissolves a substance; within living organisms, this is always water
- **6.** small cylinder-shaped organelle made of protein tubes arranged in a circle; aids mitosis.
- **8.** solution that has a higher concentration of dissolved particles compared with another solution.
- 9. diffusion of water molecules across a semipermeable membrane from an area of high water concentration to an area of low water concentration.
- **12.** solution that has an equal concentration of dissolved particles compared with another solution.