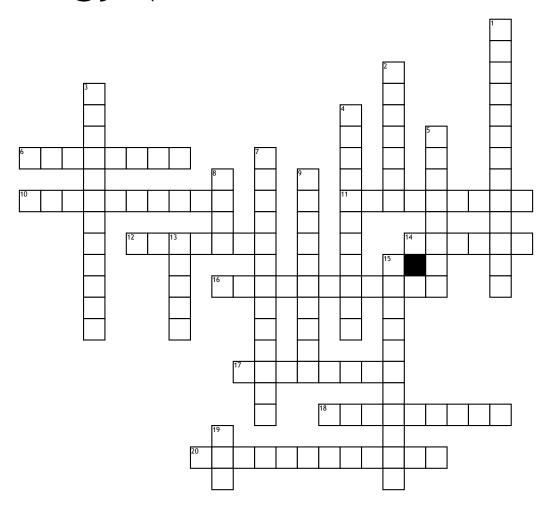
Biology (Yzha Kristine Cruz)



Across

- **6.** A mutation in which a part of a sequence of a DNA is deleted
- 10. Contains genes
- **11.** The physical appearance or biochemical characteristic of an organism
- **12.** Where DNA is found in the cell
- **14.** An offspring of two different species
- 16. The sugar found in DNA
- **17.** Type of point mutation that **4.** Chain of changes the initial codon to a stop codon translation

- **18.** An addition of one or more nucleotide base pairs into a DNA sequence
- **20.** A mutation that exchanges one base for another

Down

- 1. mRNA copying DNA's nucleotide sequence
- 2. Always pairs with thymine
- **3.** Having two different alleles of a particular gene or genes
- 4. Chain of amino acids made during translation
- **5.** Set of genes in our DNA which is responsible for a particular trait

- **7.** Occurs when a portion of a chromosome breaks off and is integrated into a different chromosome
- 8. Sections of DNA that code for a
- **9.** Having identical alleles for a single trait
- **13.** A sequence of three nucleotides which form a unit of genetic codon in a DNA or RNA molecule
- 15. The shape of DNA
- 19. Start codon

Word Bank

Chromosome Codon **Translocation** Heterozygous Gene Polypeptide **Nucleus** Missense Homozygous Insertion Genotype Phenotype Deoxyribose **AUG** Deletion **Transcription** Double Helix Substitution Hybrid Adenine