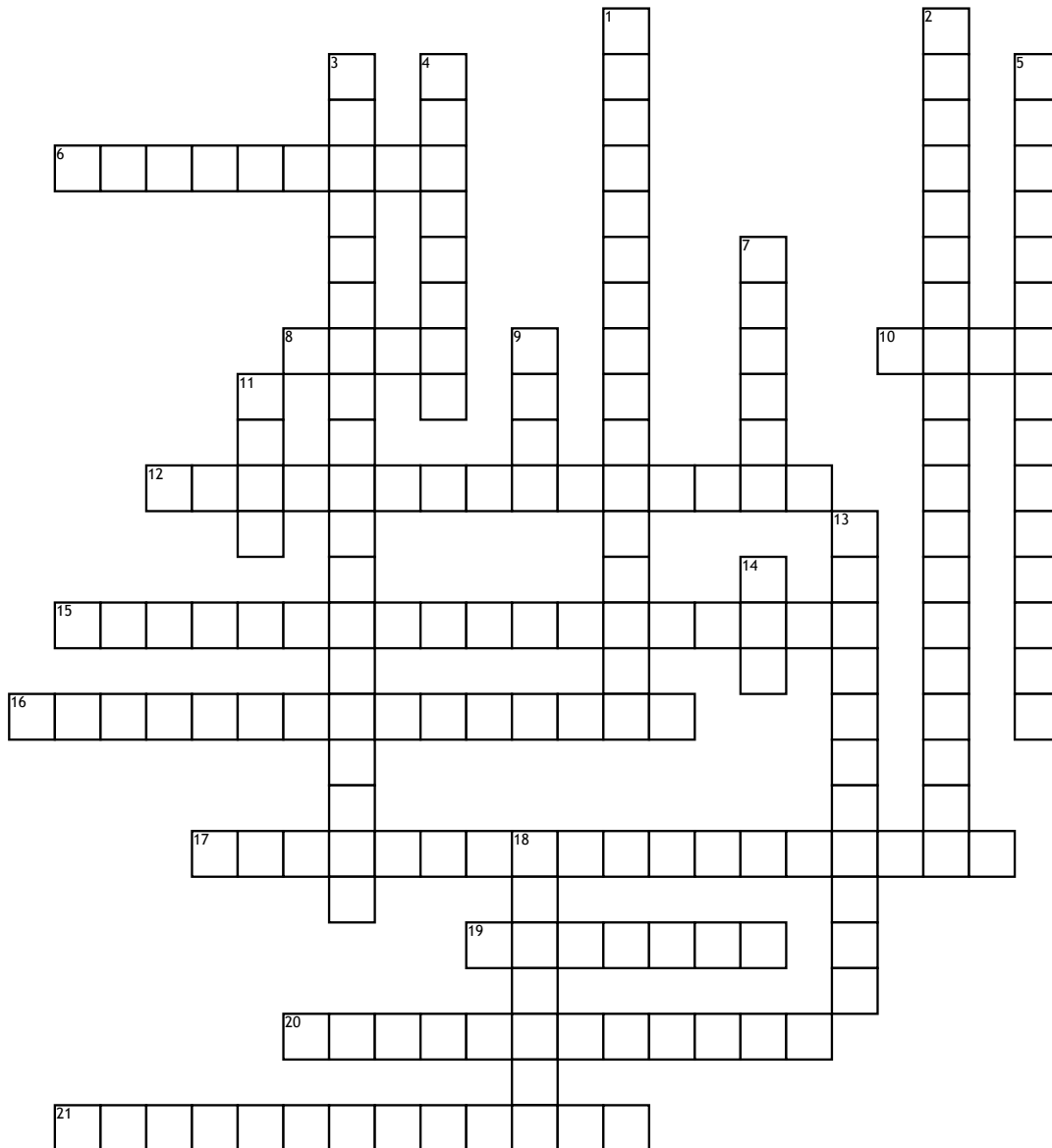


Name: _____

Date: _____

BloodBorne Pathogens



Across

6. Source of the infectious agent
 8. Wear a _____ to protect skin and to prevent soiling of clothing during activities that are likely to generate splashes or sprays of blood or body fluids.
 10. Attacks the liver & Can live outside the body up to 3 WEEKS
 12. a person or animal lacking effective resistance to a particular infectious agent
 15. The in which the pathogen is spread from an infected person (reservoir) to another person (susceptible host)
 16. A biologic agent capeable of causing disease
 17. Use this with every patient
 19. Person-to-person transmission of pathogens
 20. The path by which the causative agent gets out of the reservoir

21. the path by which the causative agent gets into a susceptible host

Down

1. foundation of infection prevention
 2. Always follow your company's _____, which is manadatory by OSHA
 3. These are found in human blood or other body fluid that can cause disease in humans
 4. Typ[e of transmission Occurs when respiratory droplets evaporate, leaving behind droplet nuclei that are so small they remain suspended in the air.
 5. Spread of pathogens by a person or an inanimate go-between, an intermediary between the portal of exit from the reservoir and the portal of entry to the host

7. Wear _____ when touching blood, body fluids, and contaminated items

9. Attacks the liver & can live outside the body up to 7 days

11. Wear a _____ to protect mucous membranes of the eyes, nose, and mouth during activities that are likely to generate splashes or sprays of blood or body fluids

13. which physically removes and/or kills germs on the hands

14. can lead to acquired immunodeficiency syndrome or AIDS if not treated

18. Type of transmission produced when the infected person coughs, sneezes, or speaks, and they travel about three to six feet before drying out or falling to the ground or another surface.