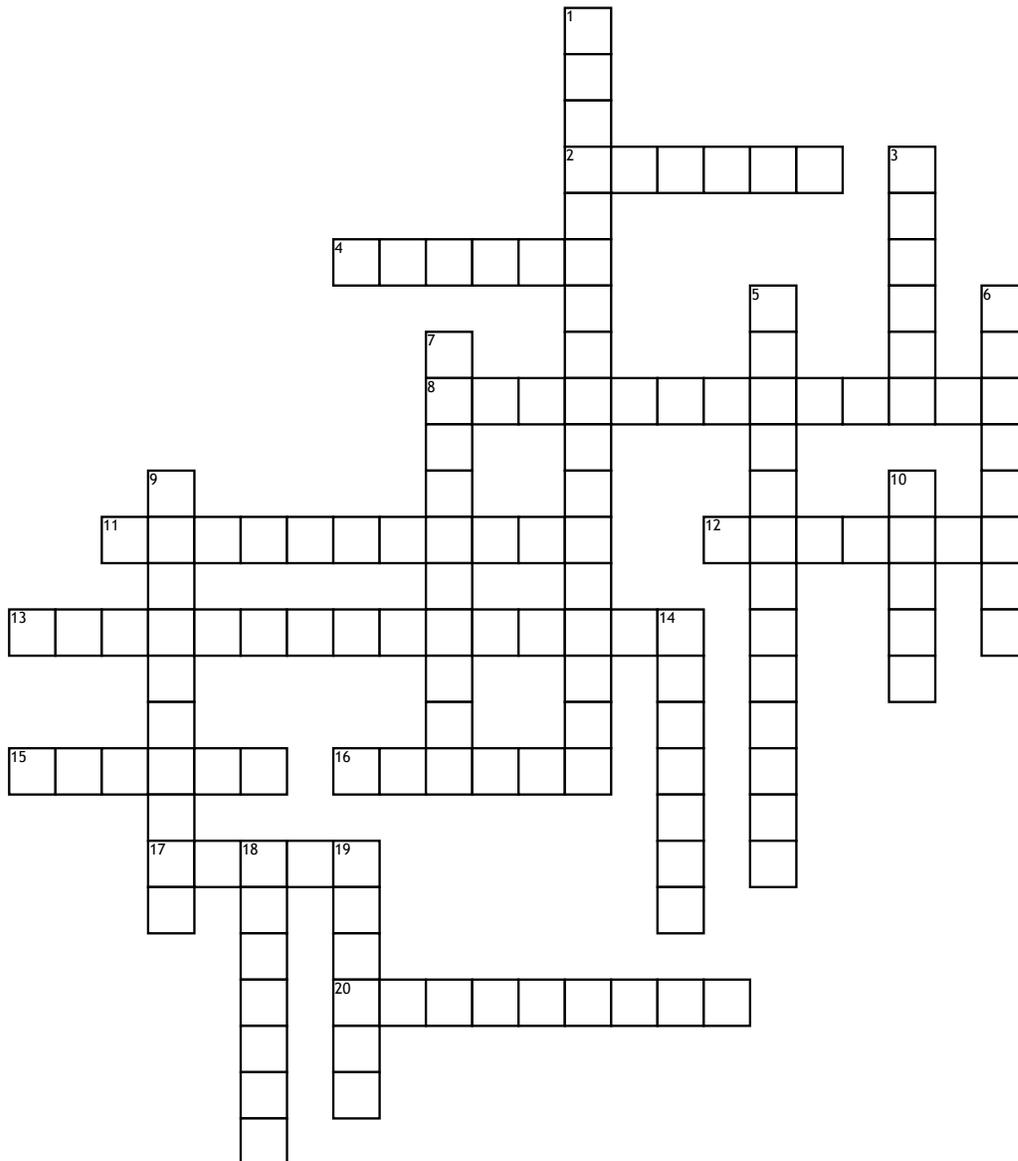


# Buddhism



## Across

2. Important Buddhist concept translated as "suffering", "pain", or "stress" in relation to life  
 4. Compassion; part of the spiritual path of Buddhism  
 8. the Buddhist teaching of the means of attaining Nirvana through rightness of belief  
 11. Person who has attained enlightenment but postpones nirvana in order to help others achieve enlightenment  
 12. Development or production in the sense of calling into existence; spiritual cultivation  
 13. Charts the method of attaining the end of suffering, it comprises the essence of Buddha's teachings,

15. Buddhist community of monks and nuns  
 16. Impermanence; essential doctrine/part of 3 marks of existence  
 17. Second of the Four Noble Truths, selfish desire, which causes dukkha (suffering)  
 20. One of the two traditions of Buddhism, emphasises attaining self-liberation through one's own efforts

## Down

1. The founder of Buddhism who later became known as "the Buddha,"  
 3. Enlightened one; founder of Buddhism  
 5. This is attained by utilizing morality, meditation and wisdom, Buddhists often meditate because they believe it helps awaken truth.

6. One of the two major traditions of Buddhism, an oriented spiritual practice as embodied in the ideal of the bodhisattva.  
 7. Practice that rids the mind of the defilement of delusion, or ignorance  
 9. Siddhartha saw an old man, a sick man, a corpse and an ascetic  
 10. Sum of a person's actions in this and previous states of existence, viewed as deciding their fate in future existences  
 14. Cycle of death and rebirth to which life in the material world is bound  
 18. Condition of great peace or happiness (enlightenment), the final goal of Buddhism  
 19. Idea that there is no permanent, underlying substance that can be called a soul