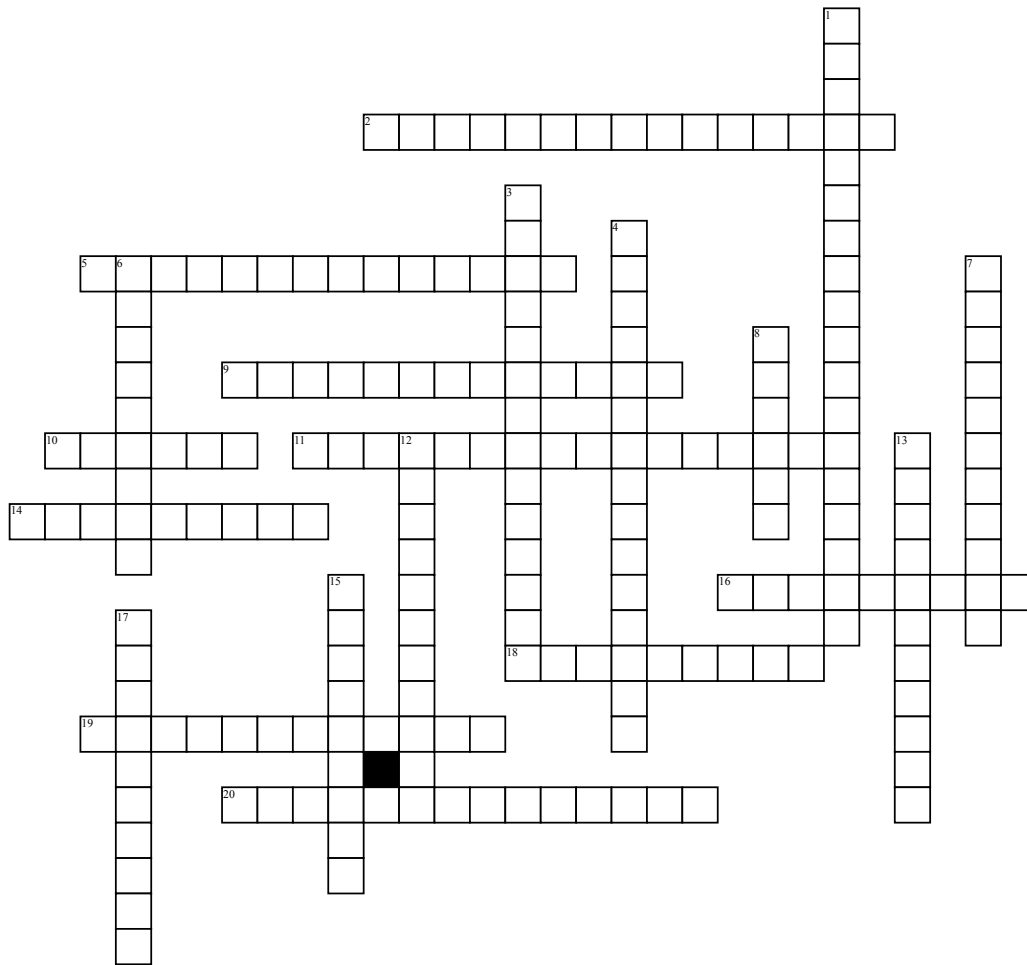


Business 150 Puzzle



Across

- 2.** is an economic system in which the state undertakes commercial (i.e. for-profit) economic activity
- 5.** is the policy adopted by the monetary authority of a country that controls either the interest rate payable on very short-term borrowing
- 9.** The invisible hand is a metaphor for the unseen forces that move the free market economy.
- 10.** make (something needed or wanted) available to someone; provide.: "the farm supplies apples to cider makers".
- 11.** is the share of the labor force that is jobless, expressed as a percentage.
- 14.** is a general decline in prices for goods and services, typically
- 16.** is a business cycle contraction when there is a general decline in economic activity.

18. a political and economic theory of social organization which advocates that the means of production, distribution, and exchange should be owned or regulated by the community as a whole.

19. is said to be tight or contractionary when revenue is higher than spending

20. a cycle or series of cycles of economic expansion and contraction

Down

1. an index of the variation in prices paid by typical consumers for retail goods and other items.

3. is a branch of economics dealing with the performance, structure, behavior, and decision-making of an economy as a whole.

4. is planned by a government to attain its societal goals.

6. is a market structure with a small number of firms, none of which can keep the others from having significant influence

7. is a condition of slow economic growth and relatively high unemployment, or economic stagnation, accompanied by rising prices,

8. an act of demanding or asking especially with authority.

12. is the cost of an asset or service. The price will fluctuate based on supply and demand and future expectations of the asset

13. is the measure of total economic activity in the production of new goods and services in an accounting period

15. the branch of knowledge concerned with the production, consumption, and transfer of wealth.

17. the emigration of highly trained or intelligent people from a particular country

Word Bank

Brain Drain
Gross Output
Recession
InvisibleHand
Fiscal Policy

Market Price
Socialism
State Capitalism
Deflation
Monetary Policy

Stagflation
Supply
Oligopoly
Demand
UnemploymentRate

Comand Economies
Consumer Price Index
Business cycles
Economics
Macroeconomics