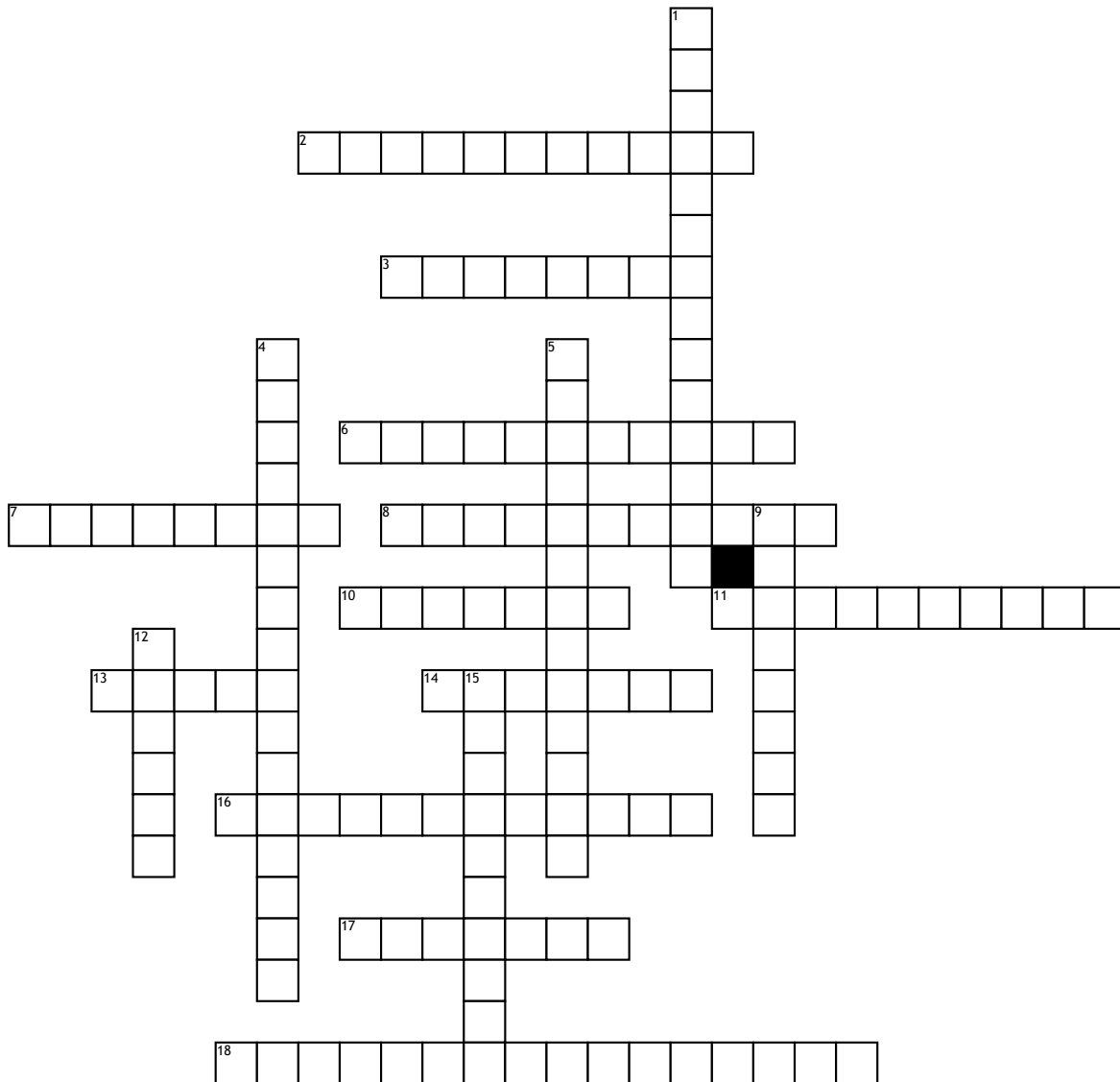


# CMA Unit 16 - Ears



## Across

2. Diminished ability to distinguish sounds, common in aging.  
 3. The perception of sound when there is not sound, or "ringing in the ears"  
 6. Medication used to reduce bacterial growth and inflammation, may be given orally or topically  
 7. The \_\_\_\_\_ membrane is better known as the ear drum  
 8. Infection in the middle ear  
 10. Ear wax  
 11. Medications to reduce pain

13. The part of the ear that projects from the head.  
 14. The perception of rotary movement, or feel like the "room is spinning"  
 16. Debrox and Cerumenex are examples of \_\_\_\_\_ that help keep ear wax from building up.  
 17. The sensory receptor for hearing  
 18. These medications may be used to open the eustachian tube, includes pseudoephedrine and other decongestants.

## Down

1. These medications reduce the allergic response.

4. Medications used to reduce swelling and inflammation, includes hydrocortisone and ibuprofen  
 5. Swimmer's ear  
 9. Specialized hearing cells, the vestibule, semicircular canals and the cochlea are located where?  
 12. In aging, we usually lose the ability to hear \_\_\_ pitched sounds, impacting the ability to hear speech.  
 15. This tube connects the nasopharynx and the middle ear and helps equalize air pressure in the ear.