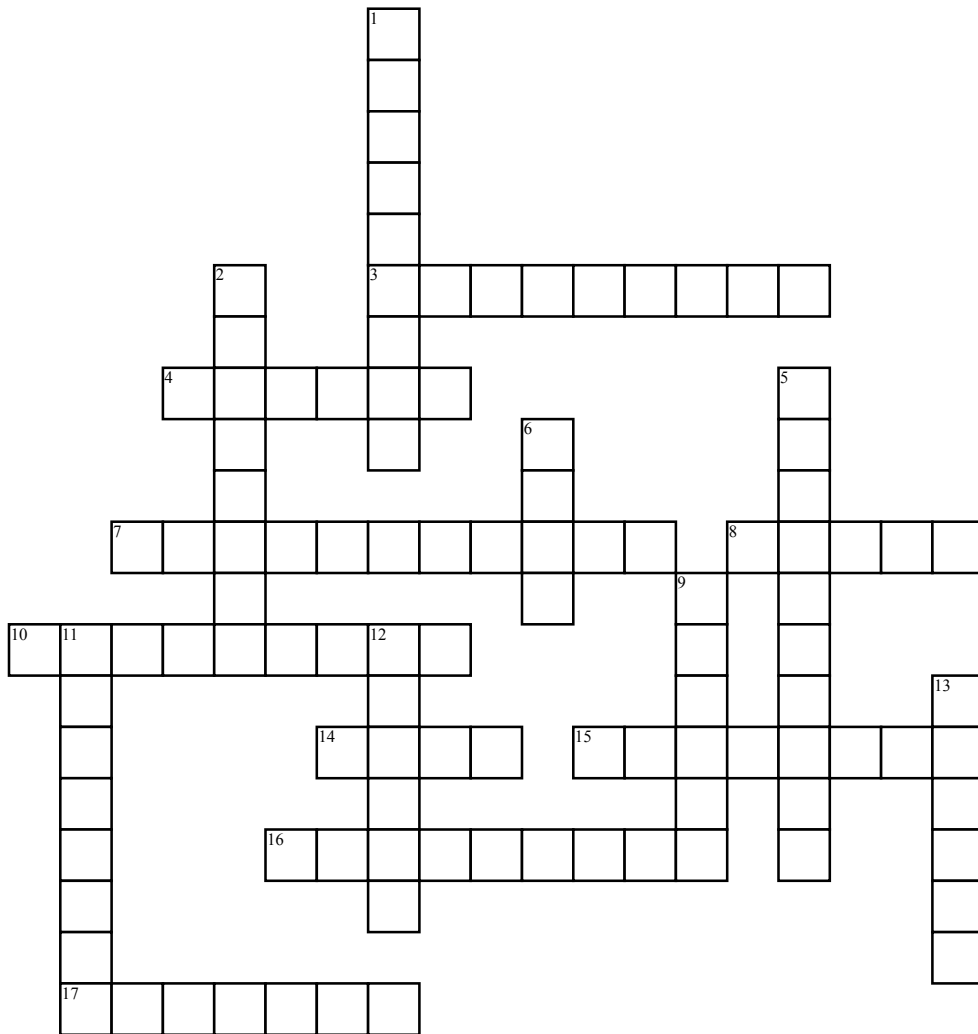


CROSS QUAKE



Across

3. It is the fast movement that occurs between two sides of the fault when they become unstuck.
4. _____ are break in Earth's Crust where movement of the land has taken place
7. _____ is a device used in recording seismic waves.
8. _____ is the origin of an earthquake.
10. The _____ of an earthquake is located directly above its origin.
14. The intensity is higher _____ the epicenter

15. The _____ of the rocks is what keeps the land intact.

16. It is the measure of how strong an earthquake based on the ENERGY RELEASED.

17. _____ waves are the waves of energy.

Down

1. _____ is expressed using Roman Numerals

2. _____ fault is a structure that have not experienced any earthquake activity in the past million years

5. Focus is also called _____.

6. Energy travels _____ from the focus.

9. An _____ fault is one that has moved in the past and is expected to move again.

11. _____ is an organization who studies and records earthquake that occurs in the Philippines

12. _____ is stored in rocks.

13. An earthquake is a vibration of the Earth due to the rapid release of _____.

Word Bank

Inactive	Hypocenter	Focus	Energy	Active	Friction
Energy	Faults	Epicenter	Away	Near	Seismograph
PHIVOLCS	Intensity	Magnitude	Seismic	Stick slip	