Name: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$ Period: $\qquad$

## Calculus BC Vocabulary Review



## Across

3. if an alternating series converges and the general term converges with another test then the series converges
4. (uv'-vu')/v ${ }^{2}$ is the formula for what derivative rule
5. $\int f(x)^{\wedge} 2 d x$ is the formula for what method of finding volume
6. If $f$ is continuous on a closed interval [a,b], then $f$ has both a max value and min. What theorem is this
7. A polynomial with infinite number of terms, including a general term is
a $\qquad$ series
8. $\int\left(R^{\wedge} 2-r^{\wedge} 2\right) d x$ is the formula for what method of finding volume
9. derivative of cosx (dnt incoude negative)
10. $f(b)-f(a) /(b)-(a)$ is the $\qquad$ rate of change formula
11. slope of vertical line
12. The process for finding $d y / d x$ when y is implicitly defined is what type of differentiation
13. If $f(1)=-4$ and $f(6)=9$, then there must be a $x$-value between' 1 and 6 . This is the $\qquad$ valu theorem

## Down

1. uv' + vu' is the formula for what derivative rule
2. The limit of $f(x)$ as $x$ approaches a from either direction is equal to $f(a)$, as long as a is in the domain of $f(x)$.
3. derivative of sinx
4. if an alternating series converges and the general term diverges with another test then the series converges
5. When $f$ ' (x) changes from
increasing to decreasing or decreasing to increasing, $f(x)$ has a point of
6. limit as $x$ approaches a of $[f(x)-f(a)] /(x-a)$
7. If a particle is moving to the left/down velocity is
8. When $f(x)$ is + , $f(x)$ will
9. When $f(x)$ is increasing, $f(x)$ is
$\qquad$
10. slope of horizontal line
11. $f(g(x)) g^{\prime}(x)$ is the formula for what derivative rule
12. $\mathrm{Y} 1-\mathrm{y} 2=\mathrm{m}(\mathrm{X} 1-\mathrm{x} 2)$ is the $\qquad$ slope formula
13. The derivative of a velocity
14. When $f$ ' (x) changes from negative to positive, $f(x)$ has a
