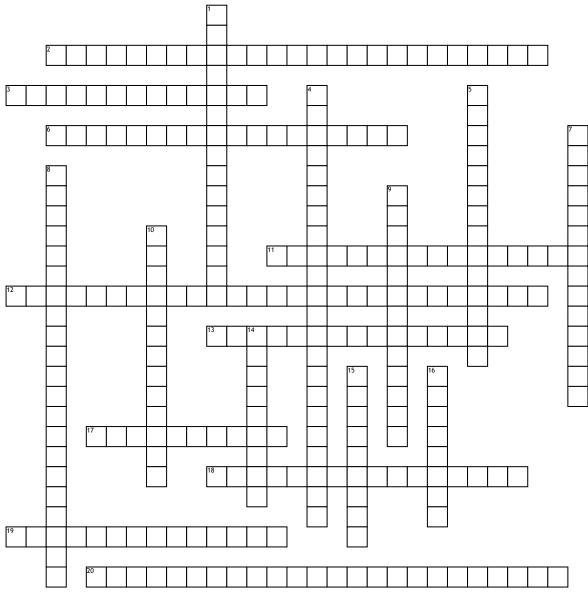
Canine Forelimb



Across

- **2.** from tricipital line on humerus to olecranon it causes elbow extension
- **3.** from supraspinatus fossa to greater tubercle of humerus
- **6.** causes carpal flexion its origin is olecranon of ulna and medial epicondyle of humerus and it inserts on accessory carpal bone
- 11. proximal carpal bones comprise of the accessory ulna and _____
- **12.** from neck of the humerus to olecranon it causes elbow extension
- 13. hooked process at proximal end of ulna which articulates with humerus
- **17.** from acromion and scapular spine to deltoid tuberosity

- **18.** the largest carpal bone in distal row
- **19.** excavation which receives anconeal process during extension of elbow
- 20. from lesser tubercle of humerus to olecranon it causes elbow extension

Down

- 1. receives insertions of supraspinatus, infraspinatus and part of deep pectoral
- **4.** from caudal border of scapular to olecranon it causes elbow extension
- **5.** projections found either on medial distal radius or on distal extremity of ulna
- 7. distal end humerus including articular areas and fossae

- **8.** larger of two processes on proximal ulna which articulates with humerus and radius
- from supraglenoid tubercle of scapular to ulna and radial tuberosities
 from infraspinatus fossa to greater
- tubercle of humerus
- **14.** part of humerus which only articulates with ulna
- **15.** proximal extremity of ulna which serves as attachment for flexor and extensor muscles
- **16.** part of humerus which articulates with radius and ulna