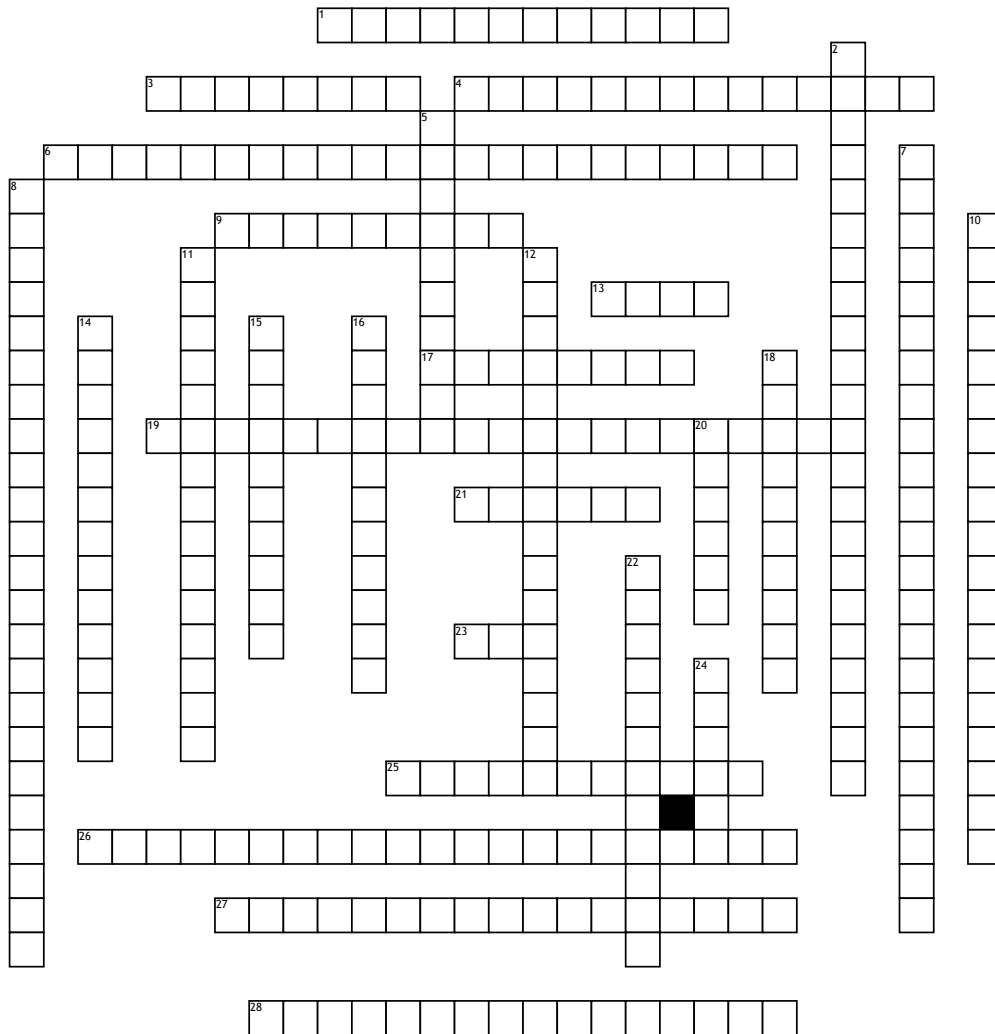


Name: _____

Date: _____

Cardiovascular Diseases



Across

1. inflammation and irritation of the pericardium
3. defined as a ballooning of an artery wall that results when the wall of the blood vessel becomes weak
4. Genetic disorder affecting the body's connective tissues which may be life threatening when aorta is affected
6. a slowly developing condition in which the heart weakens over time.
9. Serious disease that results in severe lung disease, heart failure and other organ damage. It is caused by worm infestation
13. rare blood disease that causes red blood cells to break apart. It happens because the surface of a person's blood cells are missing a protein that protects them from the body's immune system
17. the bone marrow and other blood-forming organs produce increased numbers of immature or abnormal leukocytes
19. Damage or disease in the heart's major blood vessels.
21. a condition in which you don't have enough healthy red blood cells to carry adequate oxygen to the body's tissues.

23. blood cancer that occurs when the body makes too many white or red blood cells, or platelets.
 25. a blood disorder passed down through families (inherited) in which the body makes an abnormal form or inadequate amount of hemoglobin.
 26. A disease that can result from inadequately treated strep throat or scarlet fever.
 27. blockage in one of the pulmonary arteries in your lungs. In most cases, pulmonary embolism is caused by blood clots that travel to the lungs from the legs or, rarely, other parts of the body
 28. A condition in which a blood clot in a vein causes inflammation and pain.
- Down**
2. Abnormality in the heart that develops before birth. Symptom may include Abnormal heart rhythms
 5. a condition in which blood doesn't clot normally.
 7. amaged or blocked veins usually in the hands or feet.
 8. Damage to the brain from interruption of its blood supply ex. stroke
 10. Improper closure of the valve between the heart's upper and lower left chambers.

11. characterized by narrowing of coronary arteries
12. a condition in which abnormal hemoglobin causes red blood cells to change to a sickle (crescent) shape
14. Sudden, unexpected loss of heart function, breathing, and consciousness.
15. refers to excessive bleeding
16. A blockage of blood flow to the heart muscle
18. abnormal growths in the heart or heart valves
20. Damage to the brain from interruption of its blood supply.
22. defined as consistent resting blood pressure 140/90 mm Hg or higher
24. A type of chest pain caused by reduced blood flow to the heart usually due to blockage of plaque

Word Bank

Congestive heart failure
Heart attack
Pulmonary embolism
Thalassemia
Atherosclerosis
stroke
sickle cell anemia

Congenital Heart Disease
Mitral valve prolapse
Thrombophlebitis
Cardiac arrest
Anemia
Hypertension
Coronary Artery Disease

Cerebro vascular Diseases
Leukemia
Aneurysm
Rheumatic Heart Disease
Hemorrhage
Hemophilia
Pericarditis

PNH)
heart tumor
Peripheral Venous Disease
Marfan Syndrome
MPN
Angina
Heart worm