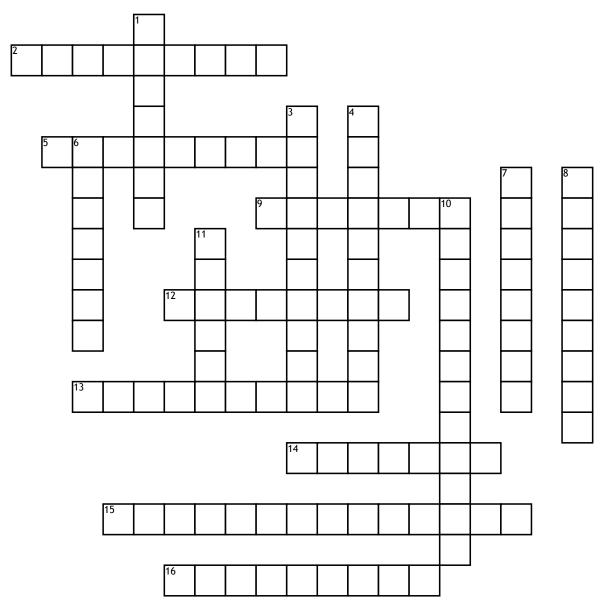
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## Cell Division



## **Across**

- 2. An exact copy of something
- **5.** Chromosomes in their elongated form
- **9.** A form of nuclear division other than mitosis
- **12.** Stage in mitosis when an equal number of chromosomes are pulled to each pole
- **13.** The point at which chromosomes are attached to a double- stranded chromosome
- **14.** Nuclear division in which the chromosome number in each resulting nucleus remains the same as in the parent nucleus

- **15.** A shallow groove that appears around the cell during metaphase
- **16.** Final stage in mitosis

## Down

- 1. A cell with two sets of chromosomes (2n)
- 3. Longest phase of the cell cycle when the cell is not dividing
- **4.** Structures made of DNA and protein containing genes
- **6.** A cell with one set of chromosomes (n)

- **7.** First stage of mitosis when the nuclear membrane starts to break down and spindle fibres appear
- **8.** Second stage of mitosis when chromosomes line up along the equator
- **10.** The fibres that appear in the cytoplasm during prophase
- **11.** A disorder that occurs when cells lose their ability to control the rate of mitosis