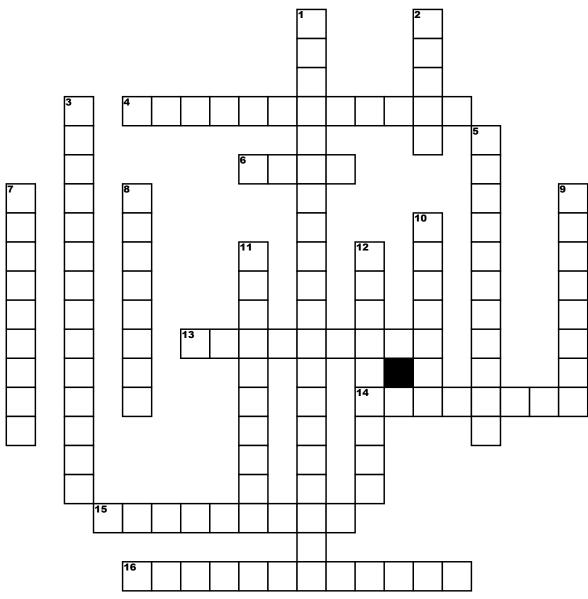
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## **Cell Parts**



## Across

- 4. an organelle in the cytoplasm of cells that produces energy
- 6. the basic structural unit of all living things
- 13. A single-celled or multicellular organism whose cells contain a membrane-bound nucleus
- 14. a cell organelle containing enzymes that digest particles
- **15.** a specialized part of a cell having some specific function made of macromolecules
- **16.** the semipermeable membrane enclosing the cytoplasm of a cell

## Down

- 1. The membrane network in cytoplasm that is composed of tubules that carry ribosomes on their surfaces some are rough while others are smooth.
- 2. providing locomotion to protozoans and moving liquids along internal tissues in animals
- 3. a complex of vesicles and folded membranes within the cytoplasm of most eukaryotic cells, involved in secretion and intracellular transport
- 5. contains chlorophyll and other pigments, occurrs in plants and algae that carry out photosynthesis
- 7. enables many protozoa, bacteria, spermatozoa to move about / swim about the cell

- 8. the definite boundary that is part of plant cells and not in animal cells
- 9. particles in the cytoplasm of cells, either free or attached to the endoplasmic reticulum, that contain RNA and protein and are the site of protein synthesis
- 10. a double membrane, and found in most living eukaryotic cells, directing their growth, metabolism, and reproduction, and functioning in the transmission of genic characters
- 11. organism not enclosed in a nucleus. Bacteria and archaeans are
- 12. jelly like substance between the cell membrane and the nucleus