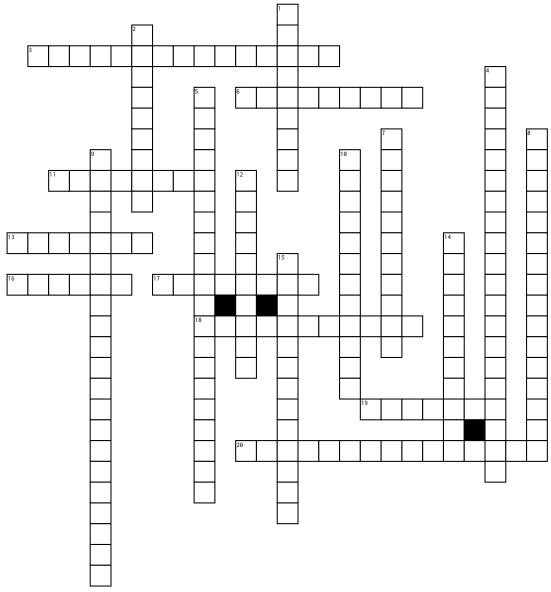
Cell processes



<u>Across</u>

- 3. the external pressure that must be applied to stop osmosis
- **6.** Having a lower concentration of solute than another solution
- 11. when the concentration of two solutions is the same
- 13. A liquid substance capable of dissolving solute
- **16.** A substance that is dissolved in a solution.
- 17. A mixture that forms when one solute dissolves a solvent
- 18. Cell drinking
- **19.** The diffusion of water
- **20.** requires energy and travels from low to high concentrations

Down

- water channel protein in a cell
- 2. Movement of molecules from an area of higher concentration to an area of lower concentration
- **4.** Movement of specific molecules across cell membranes through protein channels
- 5. a property of cell membranes that allows some substances to pass through, while others cannot
- 7. movement of large amounts of material out of the cell
- **8.** Travels from high concentration to low concentration

- **9.** A difference in the concentration of a substance across a distance.
- 10. Cell eating
- 12. when comparing two solutions, the solution with the greater concentration of solutes
- **14.** the taking in of matter by a living cell by infolding of its membrane to form a vacuole.
- **15.** A measurement of how much solute exists within a certain volume of solvent