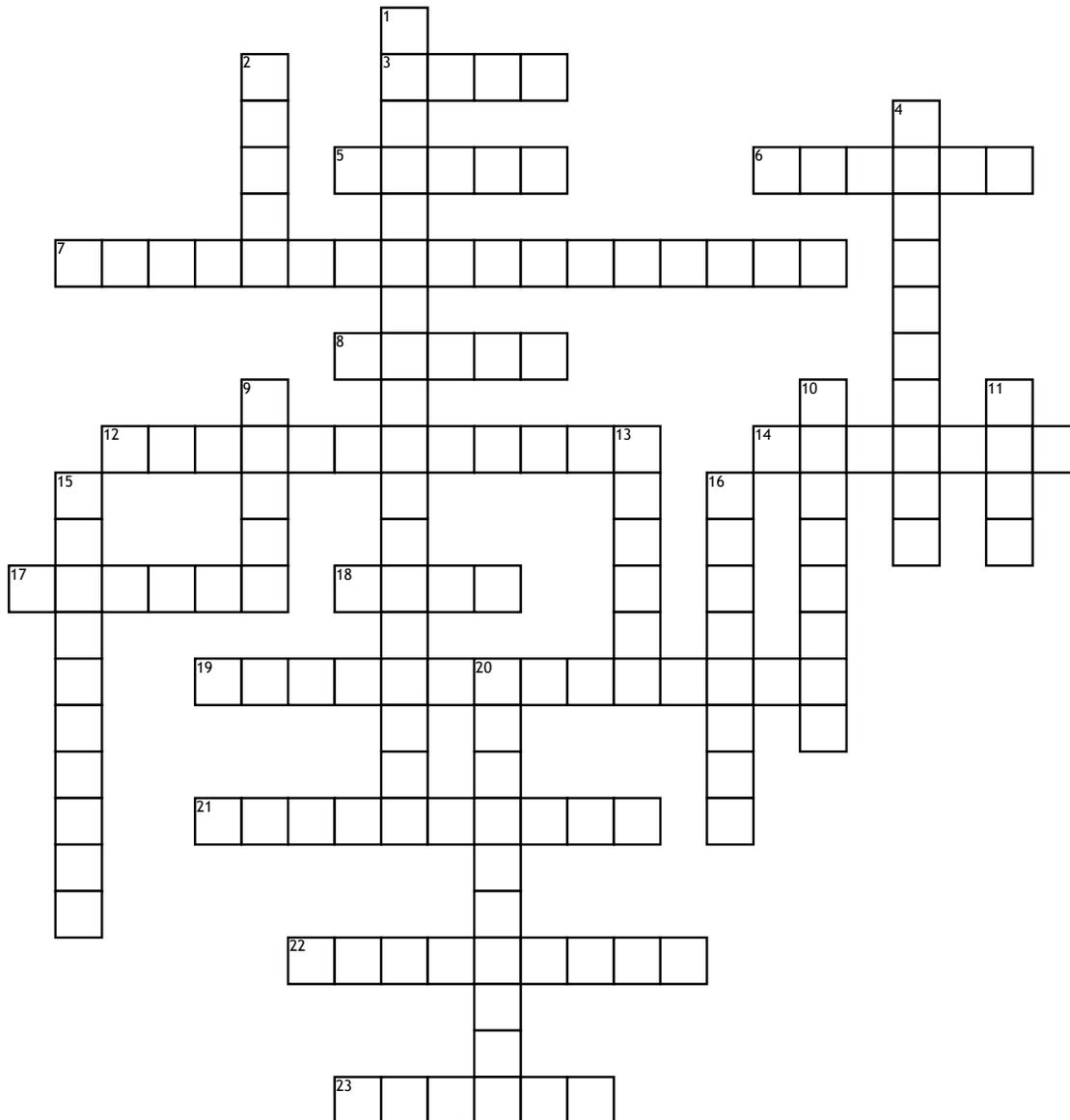


Ch. 10 Medieval Kingdoms in Europe



Across

- 3. These people granted revenues to the vassal.
- 5. Agricultural estates run by a lord and worked by peasants.
- 6. Honor or respect shown publicly.
- 7. Landed on the coast of England and defeated King Harold at the Battle of Hastings, Domesday book.
- 8. A belief followed at an individual level, sometimes passed down the family line.
- 12. A gathering of the records made under William's command of all the people and property in England for tax purposes.
- 14. King of England; broadened the system of royal justice by expanding accepted customs into law and establishing the Royal Court.
- 17. Business Associations in Medieval Europe.

- 18. Determined what people should do during Medieval times.
 - 19. The unwritten rules that determined the relationship between a lord and his vassal.
 - 21. A person who at the age of 10 learned the trade of a master craftsmen
 - 22. A political system in Medieval Europe based on Hierarchy.
 - 23. A man who served in a military capacity; holder of land on condition of homage.
- Down**
- 1. Powerful French Duchess; Divorced the King of France to marry Henry II of England.
 - 2. 10th Century ruler who became emperor of the German states through close ties with the Catholic Church.
 - 4. Charter of liberty and political rights obtained from King John of England by his rebellious barons at Runnymede in 1215.

- 9. They were legally bound to the land by the lord; provided labor services, paid rents, and obeyed the lords.
- 10. People who worked the land or served the nobles.
- 11. Grant of land given to a Vassal/Lord.
- 13. A man who received honor and land in exchange for serving a lord as a soldier.
- 15. Worked for wages from a master craftsmen.
- 16. A code of behavior that all Knights followed based on ethics in Medieval Europe.
- 20. Symbol used to identify the members of a noble family, often found on shields of Knights and the outside of Noble homes.