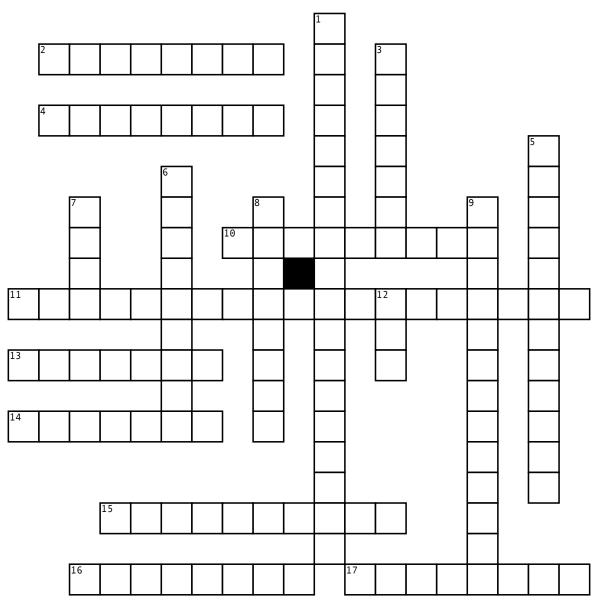
## Ch. 16



## **Across**

- **2.** passing on of traits from parents to offspring.
- **4.** change in gene or chromosomes that result something in environment or error in mitosis or meiosis.
- **10.** gene whose phenotype expression masked by a dominant gene.
- 11. type of reproductionbudding and regeneration, which a new organisms is produced.
- **13.** process in which sex cells form in reproduction organs.

- **14.** making copies of organisms each of which a clone receives DNA from one parent.
- 15. two copies of same alleles, located at similar position.
- **16.** specialized cells- female eggs and male sperm.
- 17. allele or gene is expressed in an organisms's phenotype.

## <u>Down</u>

- 1. type of reproduction which two organisms is produced from the DNA.
- **3.** cells division process in which DNA in nucleus is duplicated.

- **5.** condition in a cell or organism containing two different alleles for particular trait.
- **6.** different factors that can be changed in an experiment.
- **7.** small section of DNA on a chromosomes that carries information about a trait.
- **8.** study of how traits are passed from parent of offspring
- **9.** process in which sperm and eggs join, resulting in a new organisms
- 12. deoxyribonucleic acid; chemical inside cells that contains heredity information.