

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# Ch. 20 Perms

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| 1. perms that have a 7.0 or neutral PH   | A. bricklay perm wrap  |
| 2. Also known as cold waves Ph between 9.0 and 9.6   | B. alkaline waves      |
| 3. compounds made up of carbon,oxygen,hydrogen,nitrogen and sulfur   | C. exothermic waves    |
| 4. perms that use an ingredient that does not evaporate as readily as ammonia                                    | D. double-rod wrap     |
| 5. active ingredient or reducing agent in alkaline perms   | E. Acid-balanced waves |
| 6. angle at which the rod is positioned on the head  | F. ammonia-free waves  |
| 7. refers to the position of the rod in relation to it's base  | G. half-off-base       |
| 8. subsections of panels into which hair is divided for perming  | H. base sections       |
| 9. also known as straight set wrap   | I. double flat wrap    |
| 10. perm wrap in which one end paper is folded in half over the hair ends like an envelope                       | J. low-PH-waves        |
| 11. perm wrap similar to actual technique of bricklaying   | K. base direction      |
| 12. perm rods that have a smaller diameter in the center   | L. off-base placement  |
| 13. perm in which the hair strands are wrapped from ends to scalp  | M. basic perming wrap  |
| 14. perm wrap which partings and bases radiate throughout the panels to follow the curvature of the head         | N. bookend wrap        |
| 15. perm wrap in which one end paper is placed under and another is placed over the strand of hair being wrapped | O. amino acids         |
| 16. also known as a piggy back perm wrap   | P. curvature perm wrap |
| 17. also known as end wraps  | Q. end papers          |
| 18. perm activated by an outside heat source   | R. base placement      |
| 19. create an exothermic chemical reaction that heats up the waving solution and speeds up processing            | S. loop rod            |

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| 20. main active ingredient in true acid and acid-balanced waving lotions                                   | T. (ATG) ammonium thioglycolate |
| 21. base control wrapped at a 90 degree angle  | U. hydrogen bonds               |
| 22. weak physical side bonds that are also the result of an attraction between opposite electrical charges | V. croquignole perm wrap        |
| 23. long coiled polypeptide chains   | W. endothermic waves            |
| 24. also known as a circle rod   | X. (GMTG)                       |
| 25. perms that use sulfates, sulfites and bisulfites   | Y. concave rods                 |
| 26. base control wrapped at a 45 degree angle  | Z. keratin proteins             |