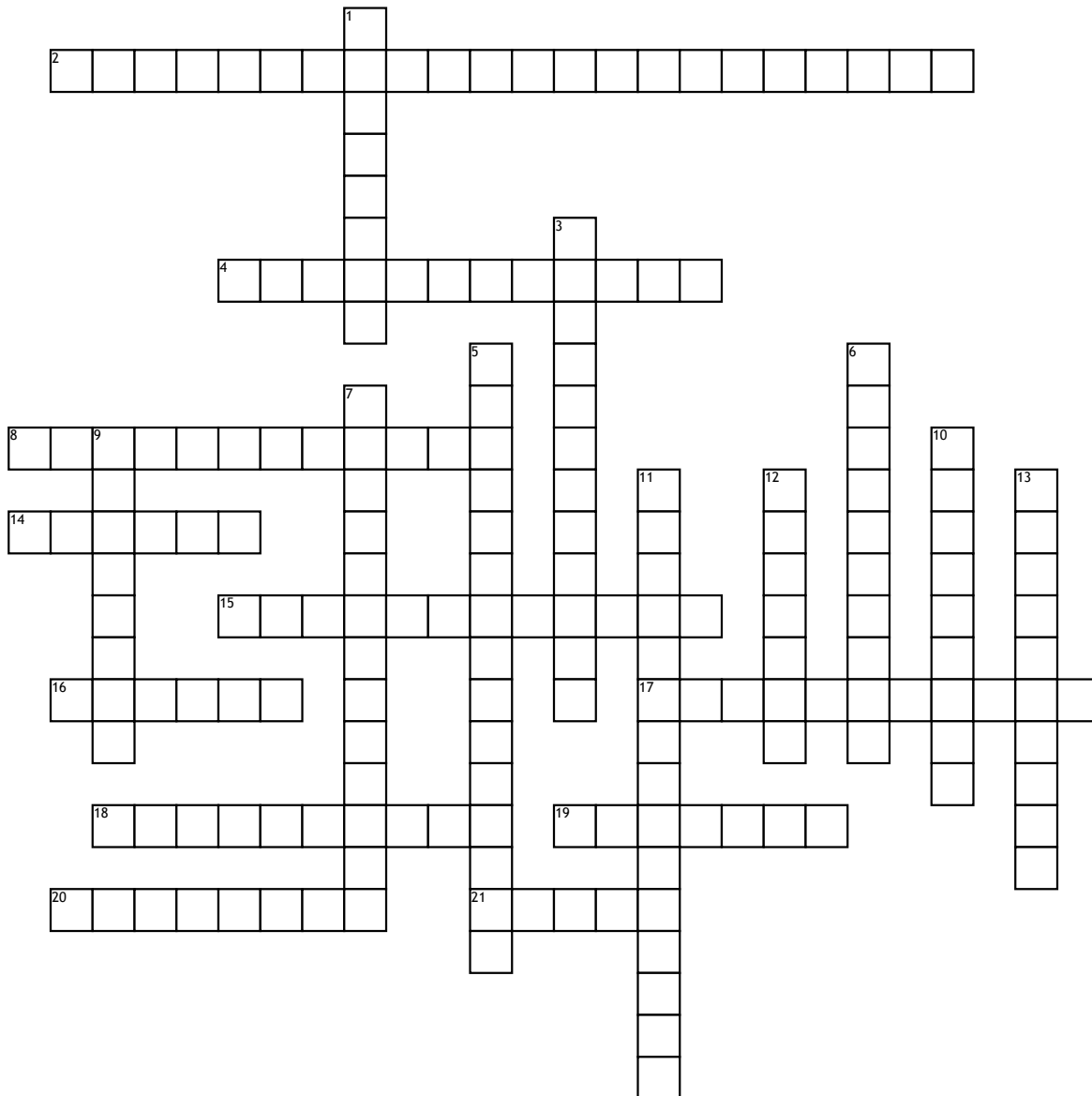


Ch 7 & 8 Female & Male Reproductive Drugs



Across

2. This can occur if a woman with a uterus takes unopposed estrogen
4. _____ is a schedule III controlled substance.
8. Estrogen is contraindicated in those with a history of _____
14. Days 15-28 of the menstrual cycle
15. In postmenopausal women, estrogens can be used to reduced symptoms of menopause and _____.
16. When children are receiving testosterone, we need to monitor their _____ during therapy.
17. Some _____ and antiseizure medications can reduce the effectiveness of oral contraceptives.

18. In children receiving testosterone, hand and wrist radiography is monitored every 6 months for _____ closure.

19. Serum _____ levels should monitored throughout therapy in those receiving testosterone.
20. _____ are contraindicated when a patient is taking sildenafil.
21. Combined oral contraceptives are contraindicated in those who _____.

Down

1. Testosterone is contraindicated for men with disorders of the _____.
3. produced by corpus luteum and causes changes in the lining of the uterus
5. A major adverse effect of estrogen is

6. This medication helps relax the muscles of the bladder neck and prostate and decreases symptoms of BPH.

7. Progesterone is useful in the management of
9. promotes growth of reproductive tissues & sexual characteristics in women
10. The nurse should teach the patient receiving finasteride that therapeutic effects may not be seen for _____ or longer.
11. A post-menopausal woman should call her HCP immediately if she develops _____ while taking estrogen
12. Teach patient to report _____, which could be a sign of VTE
13. Days 1-14 of the menstrual cycle