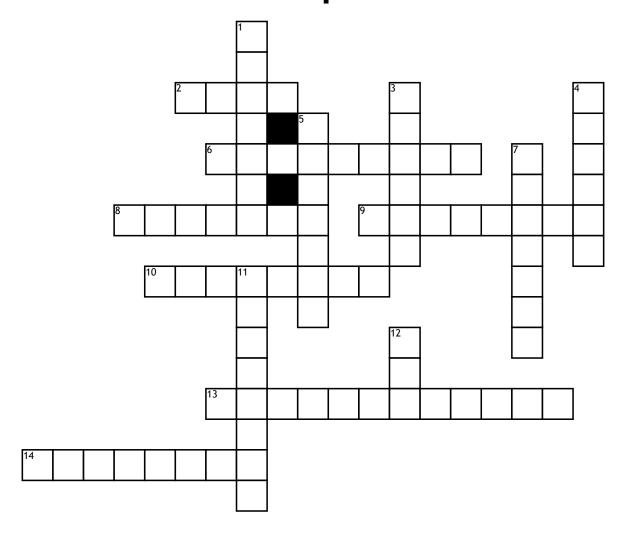
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Chap 4



Across

- 2. The smallest unit of an element that maintains the chemical properties of that element
- **6.** The attractive force between oppositely charged ions which form when electrons are transferred from one atom or molecule to another
- **8.** A substance that cannot be separated or broken down into simpler substances by chemical means
- **9.** A group of atoms that are held together by chemical forces
- **10.** A subatomic particle that has a negative charge

- **13.** A bond formed when atoms share one or more pairs of electrons
- **14.** A homogeneous mixture of two or more substances that are uniformly dispersed throughout the mixture

Down

- 1. An atom that has the same number of protons as the other atoms of the same element do but that different number of neutrons
- **3.** A subatomic particle that has a positive charge and that is located in the nucleus of an atom
- **4.** Anything that has mass and takes up space

- **5.** A combination of two or more substances that are not chemically combined
- **7.** A subatomic particle that has no charge and that is located in the nucleus of an atom
- **11.** A substance made up of atoms of two or more different elements joined by chemical bonds
- **12.** An atom or molecule that has gained or lost one or more electrons and has a negative or positive charge