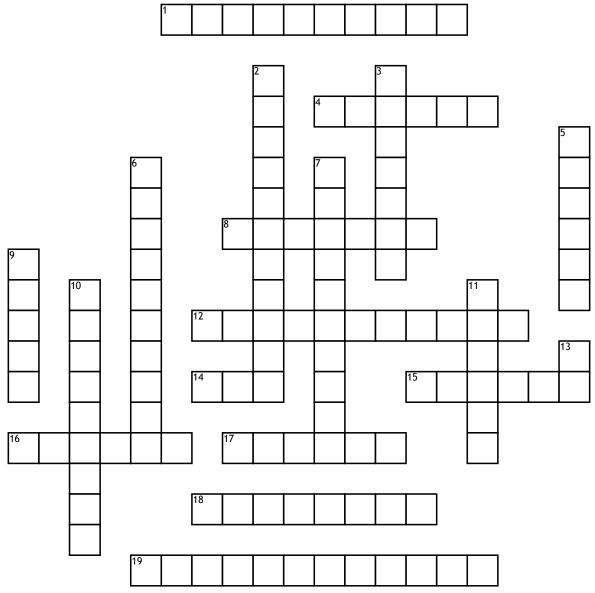
## Chapter 10



## Across

- 1. probability that is based on repeated trials of an experimental probability,
- **4.** the set of all possible outcomes of one or more Sample
- **8.** the representative of a population. It is selected at random and is large enough to provide accurate data unbiased
- **12.** the number of measures the likelihood that event will occur
- **14.** if you roll a dice, what are your possible outcomes
- **15.** The probability that you randomly draw a short straw from a group of 40 N=6 straw is 3/20. How many short straws are

- **16.** if the occurrence of one event does not affect the likelihood that the other events will occur independent
- **17.** Compound event, consists of two or more
- **18.** the outcome of a specific favorable
- **19.** is the ratio of the number of favorable outcomes to the number of possible outcomes Theoretical

## Down

- **2.** , is an is an experiment that is designed to reproduce the conditions of a situation or process
- **3.** sample, is part of the population you can use a sample on to make an interference or a conclusion. About the population

- 5. is the occurrence of one event does affect the like hood that dependent events, the
- **6.** is an investigation or a procedure that has varying results
- **7.** is an entire group of people or objects.
- **9.** a collection of one or more outcomes
- **10.** is the fraction or percent of the time the event occurs relative
- **11.**, is not represented of a population. One or more parts of the biased sample population are favored over
- **13.** There are six numbers (1,2,3,4,5,6) on a spinner. What is the theoretical probability of spinning a