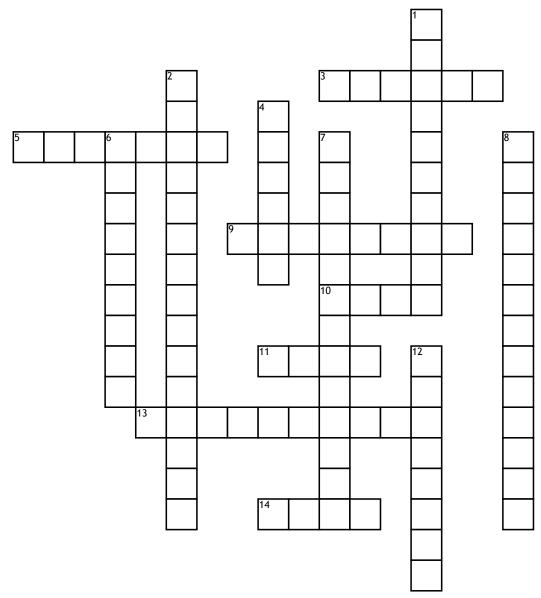
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Chapter 10: Curriculum, Standards and Testing



Across

- **3.** _____ and explicit curriculum is a school's official curriculum that is reflected in academic courses and requirements.
- **5.** Another term for self-censorship meaning the quiet removal of a book from a library shelf or a course study in response to an informal complaint.
- **9.** _____ adoption states are the ones most often those in the South and West, that have a formal process for assessing, choosing and approving textbooks for school use.
- **10.** ____ knowledge is the awareness of the central ideas, beliefs, personalities, writings, events, etc. of a culture.
- **11.** The curriculum that is not taught in schools.

- **13.** Referring to a set of courses, and their content that is offered at a school or university.
- **14.** Acronym for "the most significant change in federal regulation of public schools.

<u>Down</u>

- 1. Identifies the skills and content a student should master at each grade level from kindergarten through grade 12.
- 2. the part of school life that comprises activities, such as sports, academic and social clubs, band, chorus, orchestra and theater.
- 4. Implicit or _____ curriculum is what students learn, other than academic content, from what they do or are expected to do in school; incidental learnings.

- **6.** _____ assessment captures actual student performance, encourages students to reflect in their own work and integrated in the student's learning process.
- 7. People who support ______education say that students of color and females will achieve more, will like learning better and will have higher self esteem.
- **8.** a term used to describe the technological "haves" and "have-nots." (Race, gender, class and geography).
- **12.** Law made by this scientist stating that the more quantitative social indicator is used for social decision making, the more subject it will be to corruption pressures.