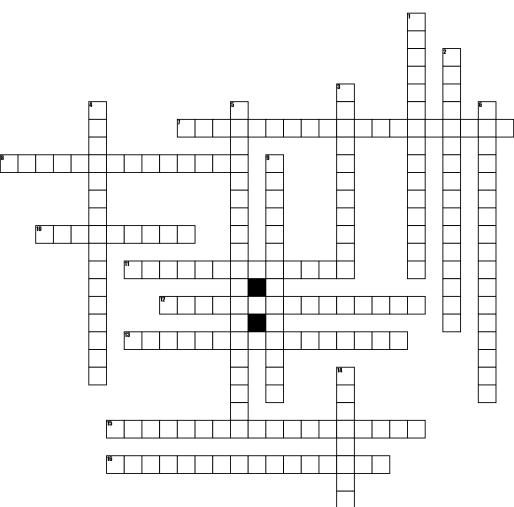
# **Chapter 10 Vocabulary**



#### **Across**

7. A system of routes along which runaway slaves were helped to escape to Canada or free states.

8. What was a name applied to the Kansas Territory after years of civil unrest in the 1850s. 10. The formal withdrawal of a state from the Union.

**11.** A political party formed in 1848 to oppose extension of slavery in U.S. territories.

12. A best-selling novel that portrayed slavery as a great moral evil.

**13.** A name given to the American Party, formed in the 1850s to curtail the political influence of immigrants. **15.** A system in which the residents vote to decide an issue.

16. The idea that any territory could exclude slavery by simply refusing to pass laws supporting it.

#### Down

1. The modern political party that was formed in 1854 by opponents of slavery in the territories 2. What was a series of congressional agreements made to settle disagreements between the north and south 2. The Oppiederst States of America of

3. The Confederate States of America, a confederation formed in 1861 by the southern states after they succeeded from the Union. 4. A law enacted as part of the Compromise, designed to ensure that escaped slaves would be returned.

5. Forbade the inprisonment of runaway slaves and guaranteed jury trials for fugitive slaves.

**6.** A law that established the territories of Kansas and Nebraska and gave their residents the right to vote on slavery.

9. An amendment to an 1846 military appropriations bill, proposing that none of the territories acquired in the war with Mexico would be open to slavery.

14. Favoring the interest of native born people over foreign people.

### Word Bank

## Know-Nothing Party Popular Sovereignty Free-Soil Party Nativism

Personal Liberty Laws Secession Confederacy Underground Railroad Compromise of 1850 Kansas-Nebraska Act Freeport Doctrine Wilmot Provisio

Fugitive Slave Act Bleeding Kansas Republican Party Uncle Tom's Cabin