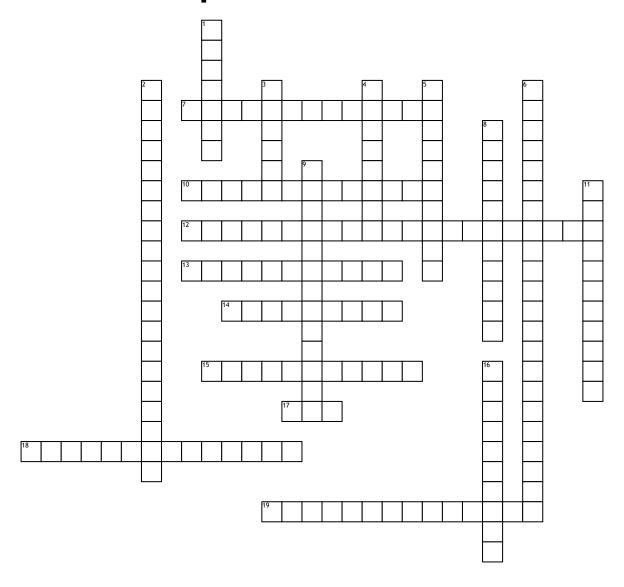
Chapter 10 terms



Across

- 7. A large molecular complex that links together the growing chain of RNA nucleotides during transcription
- **10.** The synthesis of RNA under the direction of DNA
- **12.** The model for DNA replication is known as ______ because half of the parental molecule is maintained in each daughter molecule.
- **13.** In the 1960's biologists used a series of experiments to crack the ____? The amino acid tanslations of each of the nucleotide triplets
- **14.** Links pieces of DNA nucletides together to from a single strand
- **15.** Thymine and cytosine are sing ring structures called
- **17.** The nitrogenous base uracil replaces thymine in

- **18.** Viruses that exclusively infect bacteria
- **19.** A Anucleotide polymer chain **Down**
- **1.** Adenine and guanine are double ring structures called
- 2. The full name of DNA
- **3.** Genetic instructions for the amino acid sequence of a polypeptide chain are written in DNA & RNA as a series of non overlapping three-base words.
- 4. A specific nucleotide sequence in DNA located near the start of a gene that is binding site for RNA polymerase and the place where transcription begins 5. A special sequence of nucleotides
- 5. A special sequence of nucleotides in DNA that marks the end of a gene. It signals the RNA polymerase to release the newly made RNA molecule.

- **6.** A covalent bond between the sugar of one nucleotide and the phosphate of another
- **8.** DNA has two polynucleotide strands that twists to form this
- **9.** The synthesis of protein under the direction of RNA
- 11. The enzymes that link DNA nucleotides to a growing daughter 3' strand are called
- 16. A chain of nucleic acid monomers