Name: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$ Period: $\qquad$

## Chapter 1 Part 1



## Across

1. Can be measured because it has two endpoints
2. The rays on an angle
3. The common endpoint
4. If 2 geometric figures have exactly the same shape and size
5. Formed by two
noncollinear rays that have a common endpoint
6. A ray that divides an angle into two congruent angles 17. The set of points they have in common
7. They are only explained using example and descriptions 19. Methods of creating these figures without he benefit of measuring tools Down
8. Less than 90 Degrees
9. The length of the segment with those points as its endpoints
10. Any segment, line, or plane that intersects a segment at its midpoint
11. Points that lie in the same plane
12. Explained using terms and/or other defined terms
13. Points that lie on the same line
14. Greater than 90 degree angle
15. Part of a line
16. The point halfway
between the endpoints of the segment
17. 90 Degree Angle
