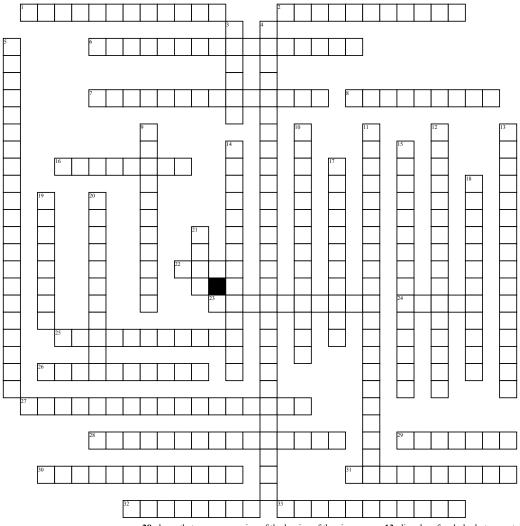
Chapter 21: Pharmacology Pt 1.



- 1. bone mineral density is decreased
- 2. agents that reversibly depress neuronal function,
- producing loss of ability to perceive pain or other sensations 6. disease of the brain that impairs motor skills, speech,
- 7. elevations of plasma lipid concentration
- 8. drugs that promote the excretion of urine
- 16. breathable chemical vapor that may cause systemic and
- 22. any substance that when taken may modify one or more of its function
- 23. substance that tends to nullify the action of another drug
- 24. presence of abnormally large amounts of fluid in the tissues of the body
- **25.** condition of shock caused by hypersensitivity to a drug or other substance that results in life threatening respiratory distress and vascular collapse
- 26. not through GI but by injection
- 27. conditions that render the administration of some drug or some particular line of treatment improper or desirable

- 28. drugs that cause expansion of the lumina of the air passages of lungs **29.** drugs that have pain relief, example is morphine
- 30. high arterial blood pressure
- 31. drug that relives pain without causing a loss of
- 32. blood in the tissue resulting from a break in the wall of blood vessel
- 33. person licensed to prepare and dispense drugs

Down

- 3. subnormal concentration of erythrocytes or hemoglobin in the blood
- 4. disorder of the peripheral nervous sytsem
- 5. form of nerve damage that affects the stomach
- 9. clot formation
- 10. severe constricting pain in the chest, often radiating to the shoulder and down arm caused by ischemia
- 11. response to a drug that is not normative per its intended action or side effects
- 12. drugs that block the passage of impulses through the parasympathetic nerves

- 13. disorder of carbohydrates, protein, and fat metabolism, secondary to insufficient secretion of insulin or insulin
- 14. microscopic organisms such as bacteria
- 15. condition in which thickening of the wall of a blood vessel occurs because of the deposition of plaque
- 17. variation from the normal rhythym of the heartbeat
- 18. diffusion of fluid into tissue
- 19. agents that promote evacuation of the bowel
- 20. drug name descriptive of its chemical structure
- 21. inflammation of the lower esophagus from regurgitation of acid gastric contents

Word Bank				
bronchodilators	antagonist	GERD	opioids	osteoporosis
inhalant	idiosyncratic reaction	anticholinergics	analgesics	hyperlipidemia
laxative	hematoma	coagulation	edema	pharmacists
anaphylaxis	diabetes mellitus	generic name	diabetic peripheral neuropathy	microorganisms
parenteral	diabetic gastroparesis	arrhythmias	infiltration	hypertension
angina pectoris	diuretics	contraindications	drug	anemia
parkinson disease	atherosclerosis	anesthetics		