## Chapter 2 Vocab

## Across

The length of time a drug gives the desired response or is at the therapeutic level
 The strength by which a particular chemical

messenger binds to its receptor site on a cell

4. A substance that produces an allergic response

**6.** A system of enzymes that plays a key role in oxidizing drugs and other substances

8. Stability of the organism

**11.** The use of a drug for purposes other than those prescribed and/or in amounts that were not directed

Process in which a constant fraction of the drug is eliminated per unit of time 21. Swelling under the skin that can be a life-threatening

allergic reaction **22.** A state in which a person's body has adapted

physiologically and psychologically to a drug and cannot function without it

**24.** A disease, symptom, or condition for which the drug will not be beneficial and may do harm

**25.** The uptake of essential nutrients and drugs into the bloodstream

26. The process by which a drug moves from the blood into other body fluids and tissues to its sites of action 27. A severe allergic response resulting in immediate life-threatening respiratory distress, vascular collapse, shock, and hives

**28.** A drug that binds to a receptor site and blocks the act of the endogenous messenger or other drugs

## Down

2. Chemicals messengers that originate within the body 5. A process whereby a drug blocks enzyme activity and impairs the metabolism of another drug, leading to complete inhibition

7. An unusual or unexpected response to a drug that is unrelated to the dose given

**9.** A method of mathematically describing the process of absorption, distribution, metabolism, and elimination of a drug within the body

10. The extent to which a drug is metabolized by the

liver before reaching the systemic circulation

13. The time necessary for the body to eliminate half of the drug in the body at any time; t1/2

14. The visual chart of how a drug reaches a point where a larger dose reaches its ceiling effect
15. A drug that binds to a particular receptor site and triggers the cells response in a manner similar to the action of the body's own chemical messenger

16. The quantity of a drug administered at one time 17. The specific amount, dose, number, and dose frequency of an administered drug

18. Removal of a drug or its metabolites from the body by excretion

19. Individualized doses of drugs based on absorption, distribution, metabolism, and elimination of drugs from the body

**20.** An instance in which the immune system overreacts to an otherwise harmless substance

23. A dependence characterized by a perceived need to take a drug to attain the psychological and physical effects of mood-altering substances

Word Bank

Allergic Response Precaution **Duration of Action** First-Order Noncompetitive Inhibition Dependence Idiosyncratic Reaction

Cytochrome P-450 Dose-Response Curve Agonist Absorption Dosage Anaphylactic Reaction Pharmacokinetic Modeling Angiodema Half-Life Antagonist Affinity Endogenous Chemical Messengers First-Pass Effect Allergen

Drug Abuse Addiction Elimination Distribution Dose Pharmacokinetics Homeostasis