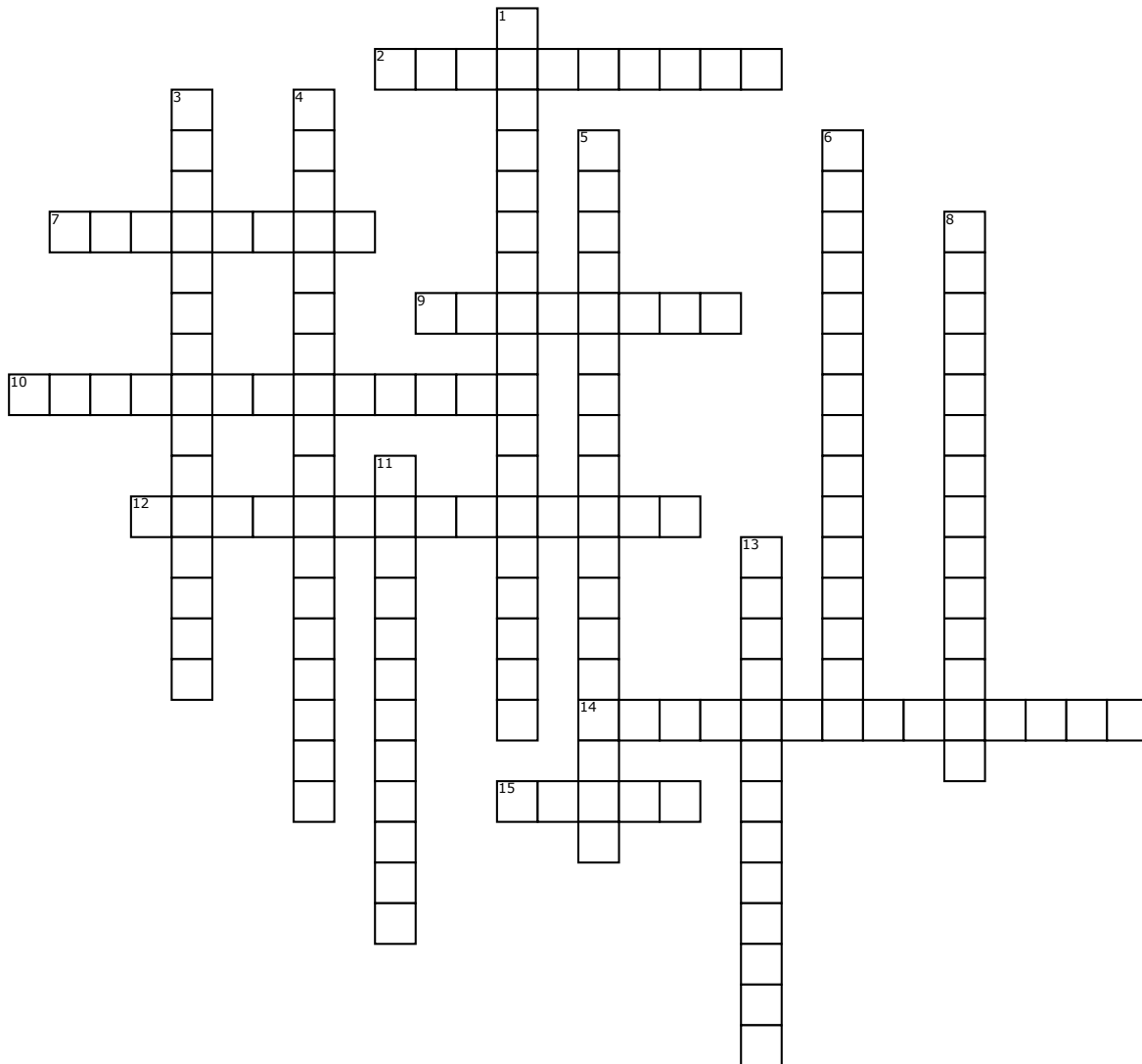


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# Chapter 3: The Colonies Come of Age



## **Across**

- 2.** The legislative body of England  
**7.** A trade law enacted by Parliament in 1764 in an attempt to reduce smuggling in the British colonies and North America  
**9.** A crop grown by a farmer for sale rather than personal use  
**10.** The voyage that brought enslaved Africans to the West Indies and later to North America  
**12.** A 1739 uprising of slave in South Carolina leading to the tightening of already harsh slave laws  
**14.** A series of laws enacted by Parliament beginning in 1651, to tighten England's control of trade in its American colonies  
**15.** A person who becomes property of others

## **Down**

- 1.** The transfer of the British monarchy from James II to William and Mary in 1688-1689  
**3.** Transatlantic system of trade in which goods and people, including slaves, were exchanged between Africa, England, Europe, the West Indies and the colonies in North America  
**4.** An order in which prohibited its American colonists from settling west of the Appalachian Mountains  
**5.** A conflict in North America lasting from 1754 to 1763, that was a part of a worldwide struggle between France and Britain and that ended with the defeat of France and the transfer of French Canada to Britain

- 6.** an English policy of relaxing the enforcement of regulations in its colonies in return of the colonies' continued economic loyalty  
**8.** A revival of religious feeling in the American colonies during the 1730s and 1750s  
**11.** An economic system in which nations seek to increase their wealth and power by obtaining large amounts of gold and silver and by establishing a favorable balance of trade  
**13.** An 18th century intellectual movement that emphasized the use of reason and scientific method as means of obtaining knowledge